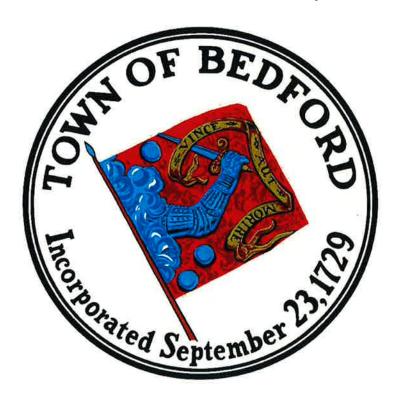
TOWN OF BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

TOWN OF BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



Prepared by: Finance Department

TOWN OF BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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Introductory Section

The introductory section provides general information on the Town's structure and personnel as well as information useful in assessing the Town's financial condition.

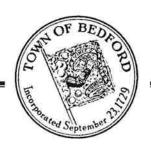


Old Reservoir Ring Well and Dam

TOWN OF BEDFORD

BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01730

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



Town Hall 10 Mudge Way Bedford, MA 01730-2144 Phone 781-275-2218 Fax 781-275-9356

Letter of Transmittal

November 25, 2013

To the Honorable Selectmen and Citizens of the Town of Bedford:

At the close of each fiscal year, state law requires the Town of Bedford to publish a complete set of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and that are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 for your review.

The report is designed to be used by the elected and appointed officials of the Town and others who are concerned with its management and progress such as bond analysts, banking institutions and the rating agencies as well as residents and taxpayers of Bedford.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Bedford. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Bedford's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

The Town of Bedford's financial statements have been audited by Sullivan, Rogers & Company, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Bedford for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion on the Town of Bedford's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and that they are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Bedford was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Town of Bedford's separately issued Reports on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, Compliance and Federal Award Programs.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement that analysis and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Bedford's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Town

Bedford was incorporated as a Town in 1729. The Town is located in eastern Massachusetts, approximately 15 miles northwest of Boston, has a population of 13,320 (2010 US Census) and a land area of approximately 13.8 square miles. It is situated near the junction of Route 128 and Route 3 to New Hampshire, which provides an excellent location for residents, businesses and commuters.

Evolving from an early 17th century colonial trading post, the Town today blends a strong sense of history, a rural small-town flavor and a progressive approach to encouraging high technology and commercial development. The Town's government has received the Massachusetts Municipal Association Pickard Innovation Award on several occasions, including most recently in 2011. That award was for the development of a regional housing services office in conjunction with five other municipalities.

In the southern part of Bedford, in the area of the contiguous Towns of Concord, Lexington and Lincoln, is Hanscom Air Force Base, a leading research facility in electronic systems and catalyst to many related private firms in the region. The Town has attracted industry since Hanscom was established in the 1940's. Adjacent to the Base is Massport's Hanscom Field which is utilized by corporate aviation, private pilots, flight schools, some charters and light cargo carriers. Due to the airfield and its proximity to a major technology highway, Route 128, Bedford has developed into a research and high technology location with clusters of highly specialized, interrelated companies. Bedford is also situated on Route 3 and is a member of the Middlesex 3 Coalition, a public-private partnership working to strengthen economic development in this corridor between Route 128 and Interstate 495. Middlesex 3 is a leading Massachusetts area for the advancement of the computer technology, life sciences, and robotics industries.

Quality of life is paramount and education is a top priority. Bedford is known throughout the state for its high quality school system; Bedford students consistently score in the top percentiles on national and state tests and an extremely high percentage of students graduating from the high school go on to higher education. This year Bedford High School was rated as one of the top 15 schools in the state. Bedford's citizens rated the quality of the Town's services very highly when responding to the National Citizens Survey in 2009. Also, this year Bedford received for the sixth time, an award by America's Promise Alliance as one of the 100 Best Communities for Young people in the nation. The Town is home to Middlesex Community College, the Bedford Veterans Administration Medical Center, several national historic landmarks, a swimming pond and lake, a bike path to the City of Cambridge and beautiful open spaces, consisting of public garden plots, a Town forest, active and passive conservation areas and recreation land.

The Town offers a full range of services including police and fire protection, education, maintenance of streets and infrastructure, solid waste collection and disposal, health and human services, cultural and recreational, administrative and financial services. The Town is a member community of the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (MWRA) for its water and sewer services.

The Town operates under the Selectmen, Town Manager and Open Town Meeting form of government. The five elected Selectmen make policy decisions, and the Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Selectmen and for managing the day-to-day operations of the Town. An elected, five-member School Committee appoints a School Superintendent who administers the public school system of the Town. School Committee members, like the Selectmen, are elected at-large to three-year staggered terms. An appointed Finance Committee, consisting of nine members, makes recommendations to the Town Meeting on operating budgets and other financial matters.

The Town is not highly dependent on state aid; accordingly, when the state experiences fiscal problems it has a moderate impact on the delivery of services. This leaves the Town in a position of relying mainly on property taxes and other local revenues to cover the increasing cost of providing services and replace any revenue lost from the state. The Town reviews its revenue sources on an ongoing basis to ensure that fees generated cover the related expenses incurred as is best demonstrated by the annual water and sewer rate setting process. Also, the Town, anticipating revenue downturns, has created substantial reserve accounts to deal with such circumstances; if reserves are utilized, they are planned to be replenished at future Town Meetings. In fiscal year 2014 the Town appropriated \$225,000 to its stabilization funds, which has a balance of \$2.4 million. The Town is utilizing a portion of its property tax levy for fiscal year 2014 to continue funding its Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability, as it has been doing since fiscal year 2000. In fiscal year 2014 the Town appropriated \$538,125 to its OPEB fund, giving it a balance of approximately \$3.5 million. The Town also voted to move its OPEB money into the State Pension Retirement Management System (PRIM) to invest its funds. This mechanism will give the Town more flexibility in its investments, and higher returns. Bedford has routinely been able to balance its budget without exceeding the Proposition 2½ property tax limitation. In fact, in fiscal year 2013 Bedford balanced its budget \$995,196 below the Proposition 2½ limit.

Factors Affecting Economic Condition

The Town of Bedford continues to reflect a strong economic condition; per capita income is significantly higher than state averages and the unemployment rate has always been extremely low. The Town remains a very desirable community given its close proximity to Boston and the level and quality of services provided. The residential sales market has been and continues to be, very strong, reflecting the great interest in the community.

The Town continues to maintain a strong commercial and industrial tax base; in fiscal year 2013, commercial and industrial property revenue represented approximately 30% of the Town's total tax levy capacity. The Town has several geographical advantages for commercial uses, which increase the probability of future commercial development. In order to maximize the economic and environmental benefits from the development of its remaining commercial land, the Town continues to be very proactive and certainly welcomes supports and guides the location of desirable uses into the community.

This objective has been achieved through an attentive policy of short and long-term economic development. Specifically, the Town plans the controlled expansion of employment and commercial activity by attracting, guiding and regulating the expansion of existing commercial buildings or the construction of new areas for the utmost social and fiscal benefit of the community. This policy promotes the careful construction of office, research, light assembly and retail space as an alternative to unregulated development as a mean's of enhancing the Town's economy, employing its residents and increasing Town revenues. Residential values, consistent with state and national trends, have decreased, somewhat, but not nearly as significantly; this demonstrates the continued desirability of the Town, as well as the resiliency of the Town's housing market in an era of uncertainty. There are proposals for new development in Bedford, including a variety of commercial and residential projects. With respect to residential growth, there continues to be significant plans for single family homes, condominiums, townhouses and rental units, with a percentage for affordable housing. Also, the Town continues to be a very desirable location for development for many reasons, including its' proximity to two major highways, namely, Route 128 and Route 3.

The Town was the first community in the state to adopt the Community Preservation Act, which allows for a 3% surcharge on real estate bills and is also matched by the state. Since its passage in fiscal year 2002, the Town has collected approximately \$20.9 million from a 3% surcharge on property and from corresponding annual State matches. Appropriations from this program continue to be approved annually at either Annual or Special Town Meetings and they have provided funding for many projects in the areas of housing, recreation, open space and other land acquisition, as well as, historic preservation. This continual reaffirmation of a 3% surcharge, in an era of economic uncertainty, means that the citizens remain committed to the viability of this program.

Quarterly tax billings and excellent collection rates have eliminated the need to borrow on a short term basis to maintain cash flow. The Town's investment options are governed by Massachusetts General Laws and focus on the sound principles of safety, liquidity and yield.

The level of budgetary control is established by Town Meeting; this approval defines the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations, which, is typically at the individual department level. The Town Accountant is responsible for ensuring all payroll and invoices are within the budgetary control level before authorizing payment. Additional appropriations may be approved at subsequent Town Meetings and by the Finance Committee, with an approved transfer from a budgeted reserve fund, upon request by the Selectmen or appropriate independent board.

The Town continues to manage its financial affairs in a prudent manner, as is demonstrated by its AAA bond rating from Standard and Poor's. The Town has been able to accomplish all this by such initiatives as;

- ongoing financial modeling and forecasting for operating budgets capital and all revenues
- maintaining reserve balances despite tight budgets
- · actively managing the costs of benefits
- establishing progressive reserves for retirement and post retirement benefits
- investing in technology to ensure efficient operations
- maintaining an aggressive pay-as-you-go financing strategy for capital improvements through a multiyear capital improvements program
- investing in infrastructure
- strategic approvals for debt exclusion projects demonstrating strong community support

A large amount of recent debt, in particular, relates to new school construction, much of which was subject to reimbursements from the state under the State's school building reimbursement program. This policy has worked very well in structuring a smooth debt schedule. In addition, this policy permits the Town to continually address capital needs through debt replacement programs. In fiscal year 2013 the Town implemented a new software system for its capital asset management, which will be used to track all it capital assets, along with projecting the future capital needs of the Town.

Since the mid-nineties, the community renovated or made substantial additions to all of its major Town and School facilities; many of which were funded by Proposition 2½ debt exclusions and in many cases were subject to substantial reimbursement from the Massachusetts School Building Authority (MSBA). The recently completed high school, which was approved as a Proposition 2½ debt exclusion bond authorization of \$48,135,330, supplementing the previous schematic and design authorizations, will have annual costs excluded from the Proposition 2½ cap requirement. In total, this project received a state match of approximately 48%, or \$21.0 million, which dramatically lowered the costs to the taxpayers.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004 through June 30, 2012. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the Town Accountant, the Information Systems Manager and the rest of the staff of the Finance Department. We would like to also express our appreciation to all the members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Town Selectmen, Town Manager, Finance Committee and Capital Expenditure Committee for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town, including its finances.

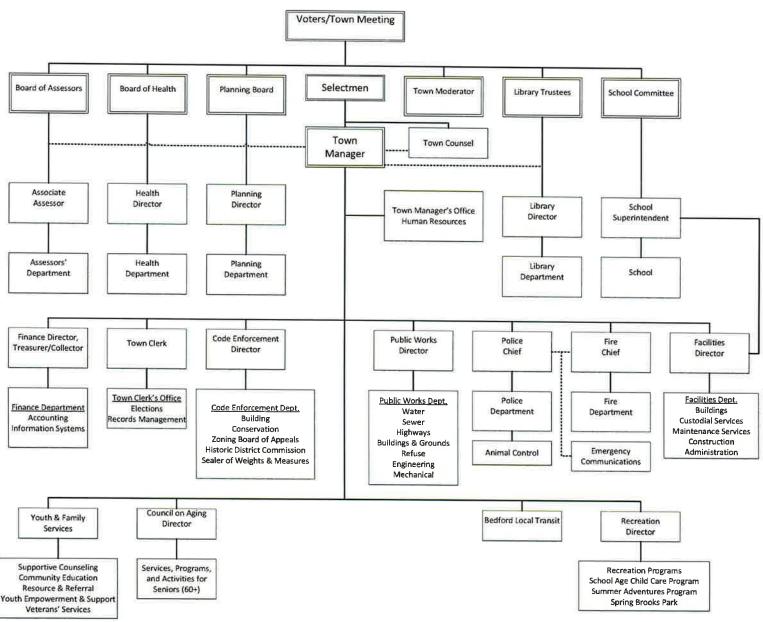
Respectfully submitted,

Kich Soufelo

Victor Garofalo

Finance Director, Treasurer and Collector

Town of Bedford Organization Chart



Town of Bedford, Massachusetts Principal Town Officials

Office	Manner of Selection	Term
Five Member Board of Selectmen	Elected	Staggered three-year terms
Town Manager	Appointed	Indefinite
Finance Director, Treasurer and Collector	Appointed	Indefinite
Town Accountant	Appointed	Indefinite
Town Clerk	Appointed	Indefinite
Town Counsel	Appointed	1 year



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Bedford Massachusetts

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section

The financial section is used to present the independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements, the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and combining statements.



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Selectmen Town of Bedford, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2013 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (located on pages 14 through 24), general fund and community preservation fund budgetary comparisons and certain pension and other postemployment benefits information (located on pages 67 through 73) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Bullin, For & Company, UC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2013 on our consideration of the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Bedford, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 25, 2013

Management's	Discussion	ı and	Anal	lysis
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As management of the Town of Bedford Massachusetts (Town), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$136,925,065 (net position).
- > The Town's total net position increased \$361,999.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund totaled \$6,907,624, or 8.7% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The Town's total bonded debt decreased \$3,976,016 during the fiscal year. The Town issued \$6,130,000 of new debt and retired \$10,106,016 of existing debt during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the *basic financial statements*, which consists of the following three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains required supplementary and other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, education, public works, water, sewer health and human services, culture and recreation and debt service - interest. Business-type activities include the Town's ambulance operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-28 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into the following categories and are described below:

- 1. Governmental funds
- 2. Proprietary funds
- Fiduciary funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains 12 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds financial statements for the general, sewer (special revenue), high school (capital projects) and community preservation (special revenue) funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 8 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled *nonmajor governmental funds*. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 77-80 of this report.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 29-35 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund.

The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its ambulance operations, which is considered to be a nonmajor fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-38 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

Private-purpose trust funds and agency funds are reported and combined into a single, aggregate presentation in the fiduciary funds financial statements under the captions "private purpose trust funds" and "agency funds", respectively.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found at pages 39-40 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-66 of this report.

Required supplementary and other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Presented in this information is the budget comparison for the general fund and community preservation fund and certain pension and other post-employment benefits information, which can be found on pages 67-73 of this report.

The combining statements previously referred to are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following tables present current and prior year data on the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's position exceeded liabilities by \$136,925,065 at the close of the fiscal year and are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-T	ype Activitie	s	Total			
	2013	2012		2013	2012	_	2013		2012	
Assets										
Current assets\$	45,483,136	\$ 45,126,654	\$	253,396	\$	-	\$ 45,736,532	\$	45,126,654	
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital assets)	4,752,282	5,274,339		-		-	4,752,282		5,274,339	
Capital assets (net)	167,704,208	170,233,702		153,105	:		167,857,313	1	70,233,702	
Total assets	217,939,626	220,634,695	-	406,501		<u>-</u>	218,346,127		220,634,695	
Liabilities										
Current liabilities (excluding debt)	7,740,832	8,665,451		8,328		-	7,749,160		8,665,451	
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)	17,714,044	15,124,302		56,998		-	17,771,042		15,124,302	
Current debt	5,457,186	5,811,016		25,000		-	5,482,186		5,811,016	
Noncurrent debt.	50,268,674	54,470,860	-	150,000	9	-	50,418,674	- 0	54,470,860	
Total liabilities	81,180,736	84,071,629	-	240,326		ė	81,421,062		84,071,629	
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets	113,007,214	110,983,956		(21,895)		-	112,985,319	1	10,983,956	
Restricted	23,905,718	23,849,127		(<u>*</u>)			23,905,718		23,849,127	
Unrestricted	(154,042)	1,729,983	-2	188,070		•	34,028		1,729,983	
Total net position\$	136,758,890	\$ 136,563,066	\$_	166,175	s	3	\$ 136,925,065	\$_1	36,563,066	

The largest portion of the Town's net position (82.5%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure). These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position (17.5%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Unrestricted net position of \$188,070 may be used to support business-type activities. The Town has no unrestricted net assets available for the support of governmental activities. Such resources have been consumed with the recognition of the net other postemployment benefits obligation.

Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the Town's changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013:

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2013	2013 2012			2013 2012		2013			2012		
Revenues		_								1		
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services\$	9,889,478	\$	10,430,910	\$	807,081	\$	-	\$	10,696,559	\$	10,430,910	
Operating grants and contributions	17,452,298		16,240,591		7,228		2		17,459,526		16,240,591	
Capital grants and contributions	638,291		836,350		173,519		5		811,810		836,350	
General Revenues:												
Real estate and personal property taxes	53,595,330		51,519,462		2		2		53,595,330		51,519,462	
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	3,073,055		2,975,559		€.		<u>.</u>		3,073,055		2,975,559	
Penalties and interest on taxes	187,002		172,203		1-2		-		187,002		172,203	
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,508,498		1,459,126				-		1,508,498		1,459,126	
Community preservation surcharges	1,301,788		1,268,438		::=:		: =:		1,301,788		1,268,438	
Grants and contributions not restricted											, .,	
to specific programs	1,561,558		1,635,446		020		12		1,561,558		1,635,446	
Unrestricted investment income	783,933		307,956						783,933		307,956	
	, 00,500		00.7500			-		9	700,700	-	007,700	
Total revenues	89,991,231		86,846,041		987,828	_			90,979,059		86,846,041	
Expenses												
General government	5,507,125		5,567,258						5,507,125		5,567,258	
Public safety	9,326,984		10,102,908		:=:				9,326,984		10,102,908	
Education	52,931,707		52,030,556						52,931,707		52,030,556	
Public works	7,250,333		7,041,347		120				7,250,333		7,041,347	
Water	2,564,055		2,115,927		15%		3*0		2,564,055		2,115,927	
Sewer	4,475,424		4,565,735		-		127		4,475,424		4,565,735	
Health and human services	1,887,739		1,877,781		320				1,887,739		1,877,781	
Culture and recreation	3,645,910		3,610,814						3,645,910		3,610,814	
Interest	2,270,812		3,055,662		540:		(#)		2,270,812		3,055,662	
Ambulance		-	-	e 	756,971	-			756,971	-		
Total expenses	89,860,089		89,967,988	-	756,971	-			90,617,060	_	89,967,988	
Change in net position before transfers												
and extraordinary item	131,142		(3,121,947)		230,857		•		361,999		(3,121,947)	
Transfers, net	(139,318)				139,318				2 .0 1			
Extraordinary item - transfer of ambulance	· / /				. ,-							
debt to business-type activities	204,000			_	(204,000)	_			- 37	_		
Change in net position	195,824		(3,121,947)		166,175		*		361,999		(3,121,947)	
Net position - beginning of year	136,563,066	: ::=	139,685,013	-		-	*		136,563,066		139,685,013	
Net position - end of year\$	136,758,890	\$=	136,563,066	\$_	166,175	\$=		\$_	136,925,065	\$_	136,563,066	

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$195,824, compared to a decrease of \$3,121,947 in the prior fiscal year. The increase in the overall net position of governmental activities is primarily the result of positive financial performance in the general fund. General fund revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by approximately \$1,300,000. Actual motor vehicle and other excise taxes and departmental and other revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by approximately \$537,000 and \$612,000, respectively. General fund expenditures (excluding amounts carried forward to next year) were lower than the final budget by approximately \$3,662,000. This variance was mainly the result of unspent appropriations carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year through encumbrances and continuing appropriations.

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$166,175. Fiscal year 2013 is the first year the Town reports business-type activities as a result of adopting the ambulance enterprise fund effective July 1, 2012. The increase in the overall net position of business-type activities is primarily the result of a \$328,128 subsidy from the Town's general fund.

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances totaling \$35,278,763, an increase of \$1,827,689 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 19.6% of this amount (\$6,907,624) represents unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance includes the following constraints:

- Nonspendable (\$456,973)
- Restricted (\$21,619,196)
- > Committed (\$4,649,120)
- > Assigned (\$1,645,850)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund totaled \$6,907,624, while total fund balance was \$18,028,407. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 8.7% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 22.8% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the general fund balance increased \$1,931,127 during the current fiscal year. Revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by approximately \$1,300,000, with motor vehicle and other excise taxes and departmental and other revenues exceeding budgetary estimates by approximately \$537,000 and \$612,000, respectively. Expenditures (excluding amounts carried forward to next year) were lower than the final budget by approximately \$3,662,000, primarily resulting from unspent appropriations carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year through encumbrances and continuing appropriations. In addition, the net change in the estimate of tax refunds payable was a positive \$653,000 (approximate) as a result of favorable outcomes in various appellate tax board cases.

Financial highlights of the Town's other major governmental funds are as follows:

The fund balance of the sewer fund (special revenue) decreased \$71,337 during the current fiscal year. The fund recognized \$4,346,000 in charges for services and transferred \$4,417,337 to the general fund.

The fund balance of the high school fund (capital projects) decreased \$48,726 during the current fiscal year as a result of expenditures incurred.

The fund balance of the community preservation funds (special revenue) decreased \$863,771 during the current fiscal year. The fund recognized \$1,300,806 in community preservation surcharges, \$379,041 in intergovernmental revenue, \$2,453 in other revenue and \$11,794 in investment income. The fund incurred expenditures of \$1,843,028, mainly relating to dam restoration. The fund transferred \$714,837 to the general fund for debt service.

Proprietary funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the ambulance enterprise fund at the end of the year amounted to \$188,070. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

General Fund financial summary

- Real estate and personal property tax revenue continues to be the most significant revenue source for the Town, comprising 77% of total general fund budgetary basis revenue. Tax revenue increased in accordance with the provisions of the Massachusetts general law, which limits such increase to 2 ½ % over the preceding year plus an allowance for new growth. In fiscal year 2013, additional taxes were collected outside Proposition 2 ½ for debt payments related to school, public works, public safety, and library building projects and additions.
- > Intergovernmental revenue represents 9% of total general fund budgetary basis revenues. This excludes \$6.0 million in on-behalf payments made by the State to the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement Association for teachers' pension benefits.
- Motor vehicle and other excise tax revenue continued to be a strong source of revenue. Motor vehicle and other excise tax revenues represent 4% of the total general fund budgetary basis revenues.
- Education continues to represent the largest category of general fund budgetary basis expenditures (46%). The Town is committed to providing a high-quality education through its public schools.
- Public Safety and Public Works represent a combined 23% of general fund budgetary basis expenditures. This reflects the Town's commitment to providing a safe, secure environment and essential public services.
- ➤ Debt service costs in fiscal year 2013 were 10% of total general fund budgetary basis expenditures, which is a slight decrease compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Employee benefits equal 8% of total general fund budgetary basis expenditures in fiscal year 2013, reflecting high health insurance costs experienced throughout the state and region.

General Fund budgetary highlights

The Town Manager is responsible for preparing and presenting the budget to the Selectmen. The Finance Committee reviews the operating budget, as well as all Town-wide financial issues and presents their recommendations to Town Meeting for approval. The Town Finance Director assists the Town Manager and both of these individuals assist and advise the nine-member Finance Committee.

The level of budgetary control is established by Town Meeting and this approval defines the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations. This level is typically at the individual department level. The Town Accountant is responsible for ensuring all payroll and invoices are within the budgetary control level before authorizing payment. Additional appropriations may be approved at subsequent Town Meetings. The Finance Committee, upon request by the Selectmen or appropriate independent board, may approve during the year a transfer from a reserve fund established at Town Meeting. These controls ensure compliance with the budget approved by Town Meeting.

The original general fund budget of \$78,365,266 was increased by \$135,001 (0.2%) during the fiscal year. The following table summarizes the net increase:

Purpose of Increase/(Decrease)	_Amount_	Funding Source					
Tranfer to stabilization fund\$	230,000	Unassigned fund balance					
Finance committee	174,457	Unassigned fund balance					
Debt service - interest	25,000	Unassigned fund balance					
Fire department	(24,636)	Decrease to tax levy					
Finance committee	(29,457)	Decrease to tax levy					
Facilities	(80,000)	Decrease to tax levy					
Public works	(160,363)	Decrease to transfer from Sewer fund					
Total net increase\$	135,001						

Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by approximately \$1,300,000. The primary factors are actual motor vehicle and other excise taxes and departmental and other revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by approximately \$537,000 and \$612,000, respectively.

Actual general fund expenditures (including amounts carried forward to next year) were lower than the final budget by approximately \$927,000. This appropriation variance was mainly comprised of insurance and benefits.

Overall, the Town's operating results, on a budgetary basis, performed better than planned while at the same time achieving a balance between the need for municipal services with the costs of providing these services. Actual expenditures and amounts carried forward to next year were lower than anticipated by 1.2%.

The Town remains committed to conservative budgets, tight management controls, and to maintaining reserves, particularly the stabilization, bond premium stabilization, pension benefits and other post employment benefits funds (approximately \$7.8 million at year end). As in the past, if reserves are used, there is a planned replenishment program that is implemented.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

In conjunction with the operating budget, the Town manages capital expenditures through a Capital Expenditure Committee (CEC). The CEC reviews and offers recommendations to Town Meeting concerning all requests for funds for capital projects submitted by School and Town Departments. These projects and their costs appear in the Capital Project Plan Article presented at the Annual Town Meeting.

The Town defines capital projects using the following guidelines:

- Any item or project expenditure of \$5,000 per item with a useful life of one year
- > By default, operating capital is any item between \$1,000 and \$4,999. These items are funded through departmental operating budgets and are not part of the capital article.
- Individual items of less than \$5,000 each are also considered operating capital, unless the total "bundled" amount exceeds \$30,000
- Replacement computers are considered operating capital

The CEC also provides the Town with a six-year projection of capital expenditures based on the various requests of Town departments.

The Town's investment in capital assets at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$167,857,313 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The total decrease in the investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year totaled \$2,376,389.

Major capital asset events that occurred during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Infrastructure improvements (roads, water, sewer, etc.) of approximately \$3.1 million
- Energy efficiency improvements of approximately \$339,000

The following table summarizes the Town's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):

		Governmen	Governmental Activities			Business-T	уре	Activities		Total			
	,	2013		2012	-	2013	0.	2012		2013	_	2012	
Land	\$	30,699,507	\$	30,699,508	\$	-	\$	_	\$	30,699,507	\$	30,699,508	
Buildings and improvements		91,948,931		95,224,703		-		-		91,948,931		95,224,703	
Machinery and equipment		986,189		820,642		-		-		986,189		820,642	
Vehicles		1,870,458		2,115,140		153,105		-		2,023,563		2,115,140	
Infrastructure		42,199,123		41,321,671		-		_		42,199,123		41,321,671	
Construction in progress	_			52,038	_		7=		-		-	52,038	
Total capital assets	\$_	167,704,208	\$	170,233,702	\$_	153,105	\$_		\$_	167,857,313	\$_	170,233,702	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 54-55 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, total bonded debt outstanding was \$55,900,860, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town, and is summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-T	Гуре	Activities	Total			
	2013		2012	0: 2:=	2013		2012		2013	-	2012
General obligation bonds - school construction \$	23,585,000	\$	27,695,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,585,000	\$	27,695,000
General obligation bonds - public works	7,050,000		10,780,000		_		-		7,050,000		10,780,000
General obligation bonds - land acquisition	4,650,000		5,875,000		_		_		4,650,000		5,875,000
General obligation bonds - Town Center	2,815,000		3,125,000		-		-		2,815,000		3,125,000
General obligation bonds - refunding	15,318,000		11,145,000		-		-		15,318,000		11,145,000
General obligation bonds - other	1,027,000		837,000		175,000		-		1,202,000		837,000
MWRA notes	1,280,860		419,876		-		-		1,280,860		419,876
		_									
Total bonds and notes\$	55,725,860	\$	59,876,876	\$_	175,000	\$_		\$_	55,900,860	\$_	59,876,876

The Town's total bonded debt decreased by \$3,976,016 (6.6%) during the current fiscal year. During the fiscal year, the Town issued long-term debt totaling \$6,130,000 for water mains, refunding of previously issued debt and sewer system expansion.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to 5.0% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit is \$146,631,485.

The Town received an AAA rating from Standard & Poor's for its most recent issuance of long-term debt on January 31, 2013.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 on pages 58-60 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Bedford's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town Hall, 10 Mudge Way, Bedford, Massachusetts 01730.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

JUNE 30, 2013	3		_		_	
		Corremental		Pusinasa tana		
ASSETS		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
	-	Activities	-	Activities	9	Total
Current assets:	Œ	14,866,885	\$	79,155	\$	14,946,040
Cash and cash equivalents		14,628,943	Ψ	79,133	Ψ	14,628,943
Investments.		3,627,971		550 550		3,627,971
Restricted investments.		7,015,374		50		7,015,374
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts:		7,013,374		-		7,013,374
Real estate and personal property taxes		629,077		-		629,077
Tax liens		191,510				191,510
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		221,655				221,655
User fees		3,043,066		174,241		3,217,307
Departmental and other		64,344		1/4,441		64,344
Intergovernmental.		1,194,311				1,194,311
and government and a second and		1,174,311				
Total current assets	-	45,483,136	41	253,396		45,736,532
Noncurrent assets:						
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts:						
Intergovernmental		4,698,513		-		4,698,513
Tax foreclosures		53,769		_		53,769
Capital assets not being depreciated		30,699,508		_		30,699,508
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		137,004,700		153,105		137,157,805
					_	
Total noncurrent assets	-	172,456,490		153,105		172,609,595
Total assets.	, E =	217,939,626		406,501		218,346,127
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Warrants payable		742,882		1,806		744,688
Accrued payroll		2,502,615		4,630		2,507,245
Tax refunds payable		792,694		2,000		792,694
Other liabilities.		1,468,208				1,468,208
Abandoned property		466,677		⊕		466,677
Accrued interest		681,791				681,791
Compensated absences		1,085,965		1,892		1,087,857
Long-term bonds and notes payable	_	5,457,186		25,000	32	5,482,186
Total current liabilities	_	13,198,018		33,328	-	13,231,346
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences		488,074		6,032		494,106
Net OPEB obligation		17,225,970		50,966		17,276,936
Long-term bonds and notes payable		50,268,674		150,000		50,418,674
Total noncurrent liabilities.		67,982,718		206,998		68,189,716
Total liabilities	_			240,326		81,421,062
Total naturdes.	-	81,180,736		240,320	-	01,421,002
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		113,007,214		(21,895)		112,985,319
Capital purposes		1,028,866		_		1,028,866
Employee benefits.		4,825,813		_		4,825,813
Sewer		8,426,247				8,426,247
				_		3,246,821
Community preservation		3,246,821 478,798		-		478,798
Permanent funds:		2. 0, 0				-,
Expendable		437,065		-		437,065
Nonexpendable		456,973		-		456,973
Grants and gifts		2,033,970		_		2,033,970
Other specific purposes		2,971,165		_		2,971,165
Unrestricted	-	(154,042)		188,070	-	34,028
Total net position.	\$	136,758,890	\$	166,175	\$	136,925,065

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		4							
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	8 3	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	e (6	Net (Expense)/ Revenue
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:	E 505 405	200	E4.0 4.0E		050.050	20	050.044	ф	(0.456.600)
General government		\$	712,407	\$	958,978	\$	379,041	\$	(3,456,699)
Public safety	9,326,984		1,032,530		457,131		S# ?		(7,837,323)
Education	52,931,707		256,876		13,890,545		-		(38,784,286)
Public works	7,250,333		66,795		45,503		257,455		(6,880,580)
Water	2,564,055		2,821,636				5 € 2		257,581
Sewer	4,475,424		4,377,814		214,300				116,690
Health and human services	1,887,739		70,440		283,952		**		(1,533,347)
Culture and recreation	3,645,910		550,980		1,296,021		1,795		(1,797,114)
Debt service - interest	2,270,812) 2	305,868			0.3	(1,964,944)
Total governmental activities	89,860,089		9,889,478		17,452,298		638,291		(61,880,022)
Business-type activities:									
Ambulance	756,971	2	807,081	-	7,228		173,519	1	230,857
Total primary government \$	90,617,060	\$_	10,696,559	\$_	17,459,526	\$_	811,810	\$	(61,649,165)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Primary Government							
Changes in net position: Net (expense)/revenue (from previous page)	Governmental Activities \$ (61,880,022)	Business-type Activities \$ 230,857	Total \$ (61,649,165)					
General revenues:		-						
Real estate and personal property taxes.	53,595,330	-	53,595,330					
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	3,073,055	(•:	3,073,055					
Penalties and interest on taxes	187,002	5.55	187,002					
Payments in lieu of taxes.	1,508,498	95	1,508,498					
Community preservation surcharges	1,301,788	72	1,301,788					
Grants and contributions not restricted to								
specific programs	1,561,558	561	1,561,558					
Unrestricted investment income	783,933	273	783,933					
Transfers, net	(139,318)	139,318						
Total general revenues and transfers	61,871,846	139,318	62,011,164					
Extraordinary item - transfer of ambulance debt to business-type activities	204,000	(204,000)	<u>=</u>					
Subtotal	62,075,846	(64,682)	62,011,164					
Change in net position.	195,824	166,175	361,999					
Net position - beginning of year	136,563,066		136,563,066					
Net position - end of year	\$ 136,758,890	\$ 166,175	\$ 136,925,065					

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	:-	General	s s =	Sewer	a 3. -	High School
Cash and cash equivalents. Investments.	\$	14,866,885 3,627,971	\$	- set	\$:=: :=:
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts: Real estate and personal property taxes		629,077		3#7		F#3
Tax liens		191,510		æ(-		(#C)
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		221,655		# E04 400		; ●):
User fees		1,261,664		1,781,402		~
Departmental and other		5,808		·**		750
Intergovernmental		5,220,570				·*
Tax foreclosures		53,769		: *!!		
Cash and cash equivalents		154,862		6,644,845		67,425
Investments		4,670,951		0,044,043		07,423
my councils	-	4,070,731	-		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	30,904,722	\$_	8,426,247	\$=	67,425
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:						
Warrants payable	\$	580,381	\$	-	\$	ŝ
Accrued payroll		2,390,843		9		-
Tax refunds payable		792,694		8		<u> </u>
Other liabilities		1,468,208		2		2
Abandoned property		466,677		2		12
Deferred revenue	-	7,177,512	-	1,781,402		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	12,876,315	=	1,781,402		
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable		200		-		×
Restricted		4,825,813		6,644,845		67,425
Committed		4,649,120		-		Ξ.
Assigned		1,645,850		5		-
Unassigned	-	6,907,624	-		-	<u>=</u> ;
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		18,028,407		6,644,845	; ; <u> </u>	67,425
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	30,904,722	\$	8,426,247	\$_	67,425

	Community		Nonmajor		Total
	Preservation		Governmental		Governmental
	Funds		Funds		Funds
-		2 0			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,866,885
	:#:		[-]		3,627,971
	-				629,077
	35				191,510
	E		170		221,655
			3		3,043,066
	19,365		39,171		64,344
			672,254		5,892,824
	S#:				53,769
	3,290,232		4,471,579		14,628,943
	-		2,344,423		7,015,374
-		-		=	
\$ _	3,309,597	\$_	7,527,427	\$_	50,235,418
\$	62,776	\$	99,725	\$	742,882
			111,772		2,502,615
			#:		792,694
	π.		*		1,468,208
			-		466,677
-	19,365		5,300		8,983,579
-	82,141	-	216,797	_	14,956,655
	€		456,973		456,973
	3,227,456		6,853,657		21,619,196
	2		_		4,649,120
	Ē				1,645,850
-		-		-	6,907,624
-	3,227,456	2	7,310,630	77	35,278,763
\$_	3,309,597	\$_	7,527,427	\$_	50,235,418

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances (page 30)	\$	35,278,763
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		167,704,208
Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds		8,983,579
In the statement of net position, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due		(681,791)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds and notes payable		(55,725,860) (1,574,039) (17,225,970)
Net position of governmental activities (page 26)	\$=	136,758,890

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDSSTATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		General	-	Sewer		High School
REVENUES						
Real estate and personal property taxes	\$	53,740,350	\$	-	\$	-55
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		2,982,680		=		-
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,508,498		(±)		350
Community preservation surcharges		8		€:		*
Charges for services.		2,690,907		4,346,000		::
Intergovernmental		11,995,994		120		370
Penalties and interest on taxes.		187,002		(2)		(a)
Departmental and other		1,921,292		5 3 21		999
Contributions		-		-		-1
Investment income	-	653,700	-		-	
TOTAL REVENUES	=	75,680,423	_	4,346,000		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		3,711,968		:=:		380
Public safety		5,586,110		20		2
Education		33,408,259		-		48,726
Public works		5,242,001		-		+
Water		2,101,251				343
Sewer		706,668		:=		
MWRA assessment.		2,909,153		2		120
Health and human services		1,123,782		~		:=0
Culture and recreation.		1,305,923				-
Pension benefits.		8,955,335		· ·		340
Employee benefits.		5,867,102				
State and county charges.		376,864				(a)
Debt service:		370,004				
Principal		5,377,016		9		= = :
Interest		2,214,646				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		78,886,078		2		48,726
EVCECC (DEELCIENICV) OF DEVENILIEC			.2			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES.		(3,205,655)		4,346,000		(48,726)
OTHER EINIANCING COURCES (HELE)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		E 440 004				
Transfers in.		5,440,984		-		-
Issuance of bonds and notes.		22.026				37
Premium from issuance of bonds and notes.		23,926		-		-
Issuance of refunding bonds.		-				-
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds.		-		-		-
Transfers out		(328,128)		(4,417,337)		-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent.	-		1			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	5,136,782		(4,417,337)	-	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES.		1,931,127		(71,337)		(48,726)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	7	16,097,280		6,716,182	_	116,151
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR.	\$	18,028,407	\$	6,644,845	\$_	67,425

_					
	Community		Nonmajor		Total
	Preservation		Governmental		Governmental
	Funds		Funds		Funds
\$;: - 2	\$		\$	53,740,350
	(2)	-		CS4.1.	2,982,680
					1,508,498
	1,300,806				1,300,806
	1,500,600				
	070.044		4.004.514		7,036,907
	379,041		4,024,511		16,399,546
	2,453		-		189,455
	-		3,905,374		5,826,666
	•		577,039		577,039
	11,794		139,427	8 5	804,921
	1,694,094		8,646,351		90,366,868
	1,054,054		0,040,001	3	90,300,000
	1,843,028		904,069		6,459,065
	2,0 20,020		811,691		6,397,801
	201		4,359,227		37,816,212
			336,567		5,578,568
	-		909,039		3,010,290
			100,223		806,891
	3		3		2,909,153
	€		73,377		1,197,159
			1,737,059		3,042,982
	2		-		8,955,335
	*				5,867,102
	2		9		376,864
					5,377,016
					2,214,646
	1,843,028		9,231,252		90,009,084
) 7	<u></u>			-	
72	(148,934)		(584,901)	72	357,784
	2		2		5,440,984
	ā		1,507,000		1,507,000
	€		€		23,926
	-		4,623,000		4,623,000
	-		245,760		245,760
	(714,837)		(120,000)		(5,580,302)
	-		(4,790,463)		(4,790,463)
-	(714,837)	-	1,465,297		1,469,905
	(863,771)	-	880,396	_	1,827,689
	4,091,227	_	6,430,234	,=	33,451,074
\$_	3,227,456	\$_	7,310,630	\$_	35,278,763

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 34)	\$	1,827,689
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense. These amounts represent the related activity		
of the current period.		
Capital outlays		4,780,011
Depreciation		(7,104,362)
In the statement of activities, the loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported,		
whereas in the governmental funds only the proceeds of a sale of capital assets are		
reported as financial resources. As a result, the change in net position differs from the		
change in fund balance by net book value of capital assets disposed of		(205,143)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are fully deferred in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund		
balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable		
(i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the		
two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred revenue		(645,324)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources		
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes		
the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any		
impact on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs,		
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts		
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts represent the		
related activity of the current period.		
Issuance of debt		(1,507,000)
Issuance of refunding bonds		(4,623,000)
Transfer of ambulance debt		204,000
Bond maturities		5,377,016
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		4,790,463
Loss on refunding		(90,463)
Some expenses reported in the statement activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
These amounts represent the net changes:		
Accrued interest on long-term debt		34,299
Compensated absences.		(71,088)
Net OPEB obligation	-	(2,571,274)
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 28)	\$=	195,824

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds
ASSETS	Nonmajor Ambulance
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	79,155
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts: User fees	174,241
Total current assets	253,396
Noncurrent assets:	05
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	153,105
Total assets	406,501
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	
Warrants payable	1,806
Accrued payroll	4,630
Compensated absences	1,892
Long-term bonds and notes payable	25,000
Total current liabilities.	33,328
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	6,032
Net OPEB obligation	50,966
Long-term bonds and notes payable	150,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	206,998
Total liabilities	240,326
FUND NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	(21,895)
Unrestricted	188,070
Total fund net position\$	166,175

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds
	Nonmajor Ambulance
OPERATING REVENUES	W
Charges for services	\$ 807,081
Other	7,000
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES.	814,081
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Cost of service and administration.	730,517
Depreciation	20,414
Бертескион	20,111
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<i>7</i> 50,931
OPERATING INCOME	63,150
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	228
Interest expense.	(6,040)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET	(5,812)
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	57,338
Capital contributions	173,519
Transfers in	328,128
Transfers out	(188,810)
	(100,010)
INCOME BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	370,175
Extraordinary item - transfer of ambulance debt to enterprise fund	(204,000)
CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION.	166,175
FUND NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	
FUND NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR.	\$ 166,175

PROPRIETARY FUNDSSTATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds
		Nonmajor Ambulance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users.	\$	639,840
Payments to vendors		(285,866) (379,325)
1 ayments to employees	:)=	(377,323)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	::=	(25,351)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers in		328,128
Transfers out		(188,810)
	8	
NET CASH FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	=	139,318
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on bonds and notes		(29,000)
Interest expense.	-	(6,040)
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	(35,040)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income		228
	-	220
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		79,155
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$_	79,155
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	Œ	63,150
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities:	Ψ	03,130
Adjustments not requiring current cash flows:		
Depreciation		20,414
Net OPEB obligation.		50,966
Adjustments requiring current cash flows:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(174 241)
User fees		(174,241) 1,806
Accrued payroll		4,630
Compensated absences		7,924
Total adjustments	-	(88,501)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$=	(25,351)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfer of ambulance capital assets to enterprise fund	\$	173,519
Transfer of ambulance debt to enterprise fund		204,000

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	Private Purpose Trust Funds	: :2 <u></u>	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents.	10,045	\$	578,591 -
Total assets	72,041	_	578,591
LIABILITIES Liabilities due depositors	<u> </u>	; <u>-</u>	578,591
NET POSITION Assets held for other purposes	72,041	\$_	

FIDUCIARY FUNDSSTATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

ADDITIONS	94	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Net investment income:		
Interest	\$	1,964
DEDUCTIONS Charitable gifts	÷=	1,344
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		620
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	4	71,421
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	72,041

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General

The basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described herein.

B. Reporting Entity

The Town of Bedford, Massachusetts (Town) is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected Board of Selectmen.

For financial reporting purposes, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions that are not legally separate from the Town.

The Town has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and/or significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the Town's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. It has been determined that there are no component units that require inclusion in the basic financial statements.

C. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the year ending June 30, 2013, the Town implemented the following pronouncements issued by the GASB:

- GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements
- GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34
- GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements
- GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position, which amends the net asset reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements, by renaming net assets to net position.

The implementation of GASB Statement No.'s 60, 61 and 62 had no reporting impact for the Town

D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which are primarily supported by user fees.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. Real estate and personal property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include the following:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a specific function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a specific function or segment.

Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Except for charges between the general fund and enterprise funds, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the functions affected.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with current expendable available resources.

Real estate and personal property tax revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Investment income is susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and tax revenues become measurable and available when the cash is received and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *sewer fund* is used to account for sewer charges. Funds are transferred from the fund annually, as available and as needed, to help fund the sewer operations of the general fund.

The high school fund is used to account for the upgrades and renovations to the high school.

The *community preservation fund* is used to account for the 3% local real estate tax surcharge on nonexempt property (and matching state trust fund distribution) that can be used for open space, historic resource and affordable housing purposes. Property exempt from the surcharge consists of the first \$100,000 of all residential property and also property owned by low income or seniors with a low or moderate income as defined by Massachusetts Department of Revenue (DOR) guidelines. Disbursements from this fund must originate from the Community Preservation Committee and be approved by Town Meeting.

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of other special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the *nonmajor governmental funds* column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs and benefit the government or its citizenry.

Proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The following nonmajor proprietary fund is reported:

The ambulance enterprise fund is used to account for ambulance activities.

Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's programs.

The following fiduciary fund types are reported:

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in the permanent fund, under which principal and investment income exclusively benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Town reports one (1) private-purpose trust fund (Goodwin Charity fund).

The *agency fund* is used to account for assets held in a custodial capacity. Such assets consist of performance bonds. Agency funds do not present the results of operations or have a measurement focus.

F. Deposits and Investments

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are carried at fair value.

G. Accounts Receivable

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting. The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Real Estate Taxes, Personal Property Taxes and Tax Liens

Real estate and personal property taxes are levied and based on values assessed on January 1st of every year. Assessed values are established by the Board of Assessor's for 100% of the estimated fair market value. Taxes are due on August 1st, November 1st, February 1st and May 1st and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date.

Real estate tax liens are processed six months after the close of the valuation year on delinquent properties and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year they are processed.

Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes

Motor vehicle excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle registered in the Town and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair values of those vehicles to the Town. The tax calculation is the fair value of the vehicle multiplied by \$25 per \$1,000 of value.

User Fees

User fees for water and sewer are levied monthly based on individual meter readings and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Water and sewer liens are processed once every year and are included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Water and sewer fees and liens are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

User fees for ambulance are billed based on individual services. Ambulance fees are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year the services are provided.

Intergovernmental

Various state and federal operating and capital grants are applied for and received annually. For non-expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

H. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis for the following accounts receivable:

- Personal property taxes
- Motor vehicle and other excise taxes
- User fees (ambulance)
- Departmental and other

The following types of accounts receivable are secured via the lien process and are considered 100% collectible. Accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is not reported.

- > Real estate taxes and tax liens
- User fees and liens (water and sewer)

Intergovernmental receivables are considered 100% collectible.

I. Inventories

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Such inventories are not material in total to the government-wide and fund financial statements and therefore are not reported.

I. Restricted Assets

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

K. Capital Assets

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Capital assets, which consist of land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure, (e.g., roads, water mains, sewer mains, and similar items), are reported in the in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

All purchases and construction costs in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

Capital assets (excluding land and construction in progress) are depreciated on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated
	Useful
	Life
Capital Asset Type	(in years)
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-15
Infrastructure	5-50

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Capital asset costs are recorded as expenditures in the acquiring fund in the fiscal year of the purchase.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of its operations, transactions occur between and within funds that may result in amounts owed between funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between and within governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of net position as "internal balances".

Fund Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between and within funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements. Receivables and payables resulting from these transactions are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

M. Interfund Transfers

During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between and within funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transfers between and within governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers, net".

Fund Financial Statements

Transfers between and within funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as transfers in and transfers out.

N. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue at the governmental funds financial statement level represents billed receivables that do not meet the available criterion in accordance with the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Deferred revenue is recognized as revenue in the conversion to the government-wide financial statements (full accrual).

O. Net Position and Fund Balances

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Net Position)

Net position is reported as restricted when amounts are restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net position has been "restricted" for the following:

"Capital purposes" represents unspent proceeds of capital related debt.

"Employee benefits" represents amounts restricted for health, pension and other postemployment benefits.

"Sewer" represents amounts restricted for sewer operations.

"Community preservation" represents amounts restricted for open space, historic resource and affordable housing purposes.

"Affordable housing" represents amounts restricted for affordable housing efforts.

"Permanent funds - expendable" represents amounts held in trust for which the expenditures are restricted by various trust agreements.

"Permanent funds - nonexpendable" represents amounts held in trust for which only investment earnings may be expended.

"Grants and gifts" represents restrictions placed on assets from granting agencies and donors.

"Other specific purposes" represents other restrictions placed on assets from outside parties other than granting agencies and donors.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements (Fund Balances)

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable — represents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form (i.e., prepaid amounts) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., principal of permanent fund).

Restricted — represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — represents amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of Town meeting, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Committed amounts may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a majority vote at Town meeting.

Assigned — represents amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's structure, only authorized assignments for noncontractual encumbrances can be made by individual department heads.

Unassigned – represents the residual fund balance for the General Fund and the negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

P. Long-term Debt

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Material bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources when the debt is issued. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the current period. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources and bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual bond proceeds received, are reported as general government expenditures.

Q. Investment Income

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by Massachusetts General Law (MGL).

Investment income from the ambulance enterprise fund is retained in the fund.

R. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements, state laws and executive policies.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as liabilities and expensed as incurred.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, which will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities upon employee retirements and resignations.

S. Post Retirement Benefits

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In addition to providing pension benefits, and as more fully described in Note 11, the Town provides health insurance coverage for current and future retirees and their spouses.

T. Use of Estimates

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

U. Total Column

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The total column presented on the government-wide financial statements represents consolidated financial information.

Fund Financial Statements

The total column presented on the fund financial statements is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column is not the equivalent of consolidated financial information.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Municipal Law requires the adoption of a balanced budget that is approved by Town Meeting vote. The Finance Committee presents an annual budget to Town Meeting, which includes estimates of revenues and other financing sources and recommendations of expenditures and other financing uses. Town Meeting, which has full authority to amend and/or reject the budget or any line item, adopts the expenditure budget by majority vote.

Increases to the original budget subsequent to the approval of the annual budget require Special Town Meeting approval. Transfers between and within departments (except for the school department) subsequent to the approval of the annual budget, requires the approval of the Town Manager. Expenditures within the appropriation of the school department are not restricted.

The majority of appropriations are non-continuing which lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Others are continuing appropriations for which the governing body has authorized that an unspent balance from a prior fiscal year be carried forward and made available for spending in the current fiscal year.

Generally, expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level (Town Clerk, Planning Board, etc.) authorized for an appropriation account. However, the Town is statutorily required to pay debt service, regardless of whether such amounts are appropriated. Additionally, expenditures for disasters, natural or otherwise, and final judgments may exceed the level of spending authorized by majority vote at a Special Town Meeting.

An annual budget is adopted for the general fund and community preservation fund in conformity with the guidelines described above. The original fiscal year 2013 approved budget for the general fund authorized \$78,365,266 in appropriations. During fiscal year 2013, an increase in appropriations totaling \$135,001 were authorized. The original and final fiscal year 2013 approved budget for the community preservation fund authorized \$5,620,882 in appropriations.

The Accountant's office has the responsibility to ensure that budgetary control is maintained. Budgetary control is exercised through the accounting system.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented in the accompanying required supplementary information presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget, as amended, with actual results. The originally adopted budget is presented for purposes of comparison to the final, amended budget.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, expenditures exceeded appropriations for state and county charges and snow and ice removal (public works). The snow and ice removal over-expenditure will be funded by taxes during fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The municipal finance laws of the Commonwealth authorize the Town to invest temporarily idle cash in bank term deposits and certificates of deposits, and treasury and agency obligations of the United States government, with maturities of one year or less; U.S. treasury or agency repurchase agreements with maturities of not more than 90 days; money market accounts; and the state treasurer's investment pool – the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT).

The MMDT meets the criteria of an external investment pool and operates in accordance with applicable state laws and regulations. The Treasurer of the Commonwealth serves as Trustee. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of pool shares.

A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds with unrestricted cash and investments. The deposits and investments of the permanent funds and private purpose trust funds are held separately from other Town funds.

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be recovered. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of deposits. The Town utilizes Veribanc services to monitor its cash and investment accounts on a quarterly basis. As of June 30, 2013, \$10,809,009 of the Town's bank balance of \$22,242,570 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments Summary

The Town's investments at June 30, 2013 are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type, with debt securities presented by maturity.

		Investment Maturities (in Years)								
	Fair		Less						More	
Investment Type	Value		Than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10	_	Than 10	
Debt Securities:	254.400	.	954.400	•		4		Φ.		
U.S. Agencies\$	256,439	\$	256,439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Corporate bonds	419,410				-		-		419,410	
Money market mutual funds	1,376,686		1,376,686		-		-		-	
Certificates of deposit	9,626,707		2,550,111		5,640,200		1,263,182		173,214	
Mutual bond funds	403,106		403,106		-		-		2	
External investment pools	5,761,355		5,761,355	_				_		
Total debt securities	17,843,703	\$=	10,347,697	\$=	5,640,200	*=	1,263,182	\$=	592,624	
Other Investments:										
Equity securities	1,947,767	į.								
Total investments\$	19,791,470									

Investments - Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a policy for interest rate risk of debt securities.

Investments - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure by the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of investments. As of June 30, 2013, the Town was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments - Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk for debt securities is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The Town does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities. As of June 30, 2013, the credit quality ratings of the Town's investments in debt securities are as follows:

		_		Quality Ratings *							
Investment Type	Fair Value		AA-	2 2	AA+		BBB-	_	Unrated		
Corporate bonds\$	419,410	\$	106,510	\$	96,000	\$	216,900	\$			
Money market mutual funds	1,376,686		=		a		*		1,376,686		
Certificates of deposit	9,626,707				=				9,626,707		
Mutual bond funds	403,106		2		34 0		=		403,106		
External investment pools	5,761,355	e :-	<u> </u>	e :-	= 3	. y <u>a</u>	1	-	5,761,355		
Total\$	17,587,264	\$_	106,510	\$_	96,000	\$	216,900	\$_	17,167,854		

^{*} Per the rating scale of Standard and Poor's (a national credit rating organization)

Deposits and Investments - Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Town does not have a policy for foreign currency risk. As of June 30, 2013, the Town was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investments - Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer. The Town does not have a policy for concentration of credit risk. As of June 30, 2013, the Town was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2013, receivables for the individual major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Allowance						
		Gross		Net				
		Amount		Uncollectibles		Amount		
Receivables:	_							
Real estate and personal property taxes	\$	629,077	\$	-	\$	629,077		
Tax liens		191,510		-		191,510		
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		268,446		(46,791)		221,655		
User fees		3,043,066		-		3,043,066		
Departmental and other		64,344		-		64,344		
Intergovernmental		5,892,824		<u>-</u>		5,892,824		
	-							
	\$_	10,089,267	\$	(46,791)	\$	10,042,476		

At June 30, 2013, receivables for the ambulance enterprise fund, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible amounts, are as follows:

	Allowance							
		Gross		for		Net		
		Amount		Uncollectibles		Amount		
Receivables:								
User fees	\$_	174,241	\$		\$_	174,241		

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The following identifies the various components of *deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds:

					Community		Nonmajor		
	General		Sewer		Preservation	G	overnmenta	I	
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Total
Receivable type:						9		-	
Real estate and personal property taxes\$	221,7 31	\$	-0.0	\$:-	\$	-	\$	221,731
Tax liens	191,510		-0		X		-		191,510
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	221,655		-		-		_		221,655
User fees	1,261,664		1,781,402		3 = :		-		3,043,066
Departmental and other	6,613		-		19,365		5,300		31,278
Intergovernmental (state school construction)	5,220,570		-		3. 19 .		-		5,220,570
Tax foreclosures	53,769		_				-		53,769
				8 33		_		-	
Total\$	7,177,512	\$	1,781,402	\$	19,365	\$	5,300	\$	8,983,579
-		=		- 3		-		-	

The Commonwealth has approved school construction assistance to the Town. The assistance program, which is administered by the Massachusetts School Building Authority (MSBA), provides resources for future debt service of general obligation school bonds outstanding and reimbursements of construction costs as they occur. During fiscal year 2013, \$537,251 of such assistance was received. \$5,890,550 will be received in future fiscal years. Of this amount, \$669,980 represents reimbursement of long-term interest costs and \$5,220,570 represents reimbursement of approved construction costs. Accordingly, a \$5,220,570 intergovernmental receivable has been reported in the governmental funds financial statements.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

_	Beginning Balance		Increases	es Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:		1				0.5	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land\$	30,699,508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,699,508
Construction in progress	52,038		-		(52,038)		:2
Total capital assets not being depreciated	30,751,546	5 TE	*	2	(52,038)	-	30,699,508
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	136,893,785		956,142		8		137,849,927
Machinery and equipment	4,215,867		435,351		-		4,651,218
Vehicles	6,289,428		259,722		(684,655)		5,864,495
Infrastructure	103,583,922		3,128,796	_	<u> </u>	-	106,712,718
Total capital assets being depreciated	250,983,002		4,780,011	S S	(684,655)	-	255,078,358
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	(41,669,082)		(4,231,914)				(45,900,996)
Machinery and equipment	(3,395,225)		(269,804)		2#1		(3,665,029)
Vehicles	(4,174,288)		(351,299)		531,550		(3,994,037)
Infrastructure	(62,262,251)		(2,251,345)		J52,000		(64,513,596)
-		-				_	
Total accumulated depreciation	(111,500,846)	-	(7,104,362)	/:=	531,550		(118,073,658)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	139,482,156	-	(2,324,351)	2	(153,105)	-	137,004,700
Total governmental activities capital assets, net \$	170,233,702	\$=	(2,324,351)	\$	(205,143)	\$=	167,704,208
	Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Vehicles\$_		\$_	173,519	\$		\$_	173,519
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Vehicles		_	(20,414)		- 25	_	(20,414)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>-</u>	_	153,105		<u></u>		153,105
Total business-type activities capital assets, net\$		\$	153,105	\$		\$	153,105
=		===		=		==	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 516,592
Public safety	314,998
Education	3,398,567
Public works	1,411,343
Water	443,386
Sewer	844,813
Health and human services	150
Culture and recreation	174,513
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 7,104,362
Business-Type Activities:	-
Ambulance	\$ 20,414

NOTE 6 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2013 is summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation\$	167,704,208
Less capital related debt outstanding	(55,725,860)
Add unspent proceeds of capital related debt	1,028,866
	-
Net investment in capital assets\$	113,007,214
·	
Business-Type Activities	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation\$	153,105
Less capital related debt outstanding	(175,000)
	·
Net investment in capital assets\$	(21,895)

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, are summarized as follows:

	0			Transfers In:	
Transfers Out:	80-	General Fund		Ambulance Enterprise Fund	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	328,128	\$ 328,128 (1)
Sewer Fund		4,417,337		_	4,417,337 (2)
Community Preservation Fund		714,837		-	714,837 (3)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		120,000		=	120,000 (4)
Ambulance Enterprise Fund	-	188,810	5		188,810 (5)
	\$=	5,440,984	\$	328,128	\$ 5,769,112

- (1) Represents budgeted subsidy to the ambulance enterprise fund
- (2) Represents budgeted transfer to the general fund to fund sewer operations
- (3) Represents budgeted transfer to the general fund for debt service
- (4) Represents budgeted transfer to the general fund from the federal impact aid fund
- (5) Represents budgeted transfer to the general fund for indirect costs related to shared employees/facilities

NOTE 8 - SHORT-TERM FINANCING

Short-term debt may be authorized and issued to fund the following:

- Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue anticipation notes (RAN) or tax anticipation notes (TAN)
- Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BAN) or grant anticipation notes (GAN)

Short-term loans are general obligations and carry maturity dates that are limited by statute. Interest expenditures for short-term borrowings are accounted for in the general fund and ambulance enterprise fund.

Details related to the short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Governmental Funds

Type	Description	Origination Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate		Balance at June 30, 2012		Increases		Decreases		Balance at June 30, 2013
-1750	2 cocrip acri	Dute	Dute	Tutte	3	june 50, 2012		Thereases	1	Decreases	į.	June 50, 2015
	Middlesex Turnpike				\$	5,000	\$		\$	(5,000)	\$	<u>u</u>
BAN	Water main improvements	06/05/12	02/15/13	0.50%		400,000	į		-	(400,000)		
	Total				\$	405,000	\$	- To	\$_	(405,000)	\$	

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following represents a summary of the changes that occurred in long-term obligations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance June 30, 2012		Increases	s -	Decreases	:-	Balance June 30, 2013		Current Portion
Governmental Activities:		029				3233		91257	
Compensated absences	1,502,951	\$	86,058	\$	(14,970)	\$	1,574,039	\$	1,085,965
Long-term bonds payable	59,457,000		5,130,000		(10,142,000)		54,445,000		5,317,000
Long-term notes payable	419,876		1,000,000		(139,016)		1,280,860		140,186
Net OPEB obligation	14,654,696	s =2	3,839,421		(1,268,147)		17,225,970		
Total \$	76,034,523	\$ =	10,055,479	\$=	(11,564,133)	\$	74,525,869	\$=	6,543,151
Business-type Activities:									
Bonds and notes payable \$	_	\$	204,000	\$	(29,000)	\$	175,000	\$	25,000
Compensated absences	-		7,924				7,924		1,892
Net OPEB obligation			76,102		(25,136)		50,966	_	F#
		8 5	<u></u>			-			
Total \$	_	\$_	84,026	\$ =	(54,136)	\$ =	233,890	\$=	26,892

The governmental activities long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. The business-type activities long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the ambulance enterprise fund and general fund subsidies.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Details related to the outstanding indebtedness at June 30, 2013, and the debt service requirements are as follows:

Bonds and Notes Payable - Governmental Funds

			Outstanding						Outstanding
	Interest		at June 30,						at June 30,
Project	Rate (%)		2012		Additions		Reductions		2013
W. D. J. Marini	1.10			92		<u>.</u>	(20.000)		
Water Bonds-MWRA	0.00	\$	20,000	\$		\$	(20,000)	\$	-
Building Construction - Public Works	4.05		130,000		!(#)		(130,000)		*
Building Construction - School	4.11		735,000		(i)#0		(735,000)		-
Land Acquisition	3.97		17,200		(# <u>#</u>)		(17,200)		-
Land Acquisition	3.97		24,550		1		(24,550)		-
Land Acquisition	3.98		25,000		-		(25,000)		-
Land Acquisition	3.97		28,250		5 5		(28,250)		-
Engineering Services - Public Works	4.05		22,222		(=)		(22,222)		-
Building Construction - Public Works	4.05		22,778		:		(22,778)		-
Building Remodeling - Municipal	3.80		1,975,000		•		(1,800,000)		175,000
Land Acquisition	3.83		840,000		763		(770,000)		70,000
Building Construction - Public Works	3.82		2,855,000		-		(2,615,000)		240,000
Water Equipment	3.74		160,000		200		(55,000)		105,000
Water Mains	3.96		1,315,000		.51		(95,000)		1,220,000
Water Bonds - MWRA	0.00		191,217		120		(38,243)		152,974
High School Renovation	3.90		1,575,000		-		(135,000)		1,440,000
Land Acquisition	3.90		275,000		:•:		(25,000)		250,000
Town Center Facility	3.92		1,485,000				(125,000)		1,360,000
Town Hall Remodeling.	3.93		265,000				(25,000)		240,000
Sewer Bonds - MWRA	0.00		16,830		(A)		(16,830)		
High School Renovation.	4.23		12,975,000		-		(875,000)		12,100,000
Fire Pumper	3.60		240,000				(80,000)		160,000
Road Resurfacing.	2.94		370,000		-		(185,000)		185,000
High School Renovation.	2.50		10,610,000				(565,000)		10,045,000
Water Mains	2.50		440,000		9		(35,000)		405,000
	2.50						, ,		100,000
Water Standpipe			125,000				(25,000)		
Sewer Expansion.	2.50 2.50		310,000		-		(25,000)		285,000 870,000
Road Resurfacing			1,035,000		:=\ :=\		(165,000)		
Shawsheen Well	2.50		90,000				(10,000)		80,000
Middlesex Turnpike	1.45		865,000				(65,000)		800,000
Water Design	1.45		5,000		-		(5,000)		1 0 (0 0 0 0
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.14		1,705,000		-		(445,000)		1,260,000
Sewer Bonds - MWRA	0.00		191,829		-		(63,943)		127,886
Summer Street Drainage	4.00		160,000				(20,000)		140,000
Town Center North Wing.	4.08		1,375,000		-		(160,000)		1,215,000
Land Acquisition CPA	3.66		4,665,000				(335,000)		4,330,000
North Road Water Main Replacement	2.34		625,000		:		(55,000)		570,000
Road Resurfacing	2.34		1,300,000		7		(130,000)		1,170,000
Water Main Improvement	2.34		550,000		-		(40,000)		510,000
Water	2.34		400,000		€		(30,000)		370,000
Fire Mini Pumper	2.34		218,000		*		(33,000)		185,000
Fire Ambulance Replacement	2.34		204,000		-		(204,000)		-
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	1.43		9,440,000				(5,000)		9,435,000
Water Bonds - MWRA	0.00		12:		1,000,000		-		1,000,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.14				4,623,000		-		4,623,000
General Obligation Bonds	2.14	_	(*)	=	507,000	_			507,000
Total governmental funds		\$_	59,876,876	\$	6,130,000	\$_	(10,281,016)	\$_	55,725,860

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for governmental bonds and notes payable in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	n s	Interest	Total
		90 /		
2014\$	5,457,186	\$	2,077,772	\$ 7,534,958
2015	5,187,186		1,712,883	6,900,069
2016	4,903,243		1,541,152	6,444,395
2017	4,758,245		1,369,102	6,127,347
2018	4,625,000		1,184,404	5,809,404
2019	4,380,000		997,027	5,377,027
2020	4,275,000		837,252	5,112,252
2021	4,185,000		698,602	4,883,602
2022	3,910,000		578,553	4,488,553
2023	3,600,000		463,939	4,063,939
2024	2,655,000		357,091	3,012,091
2025	2,080,000		268,060	2,348,060
2026	2,055,000		188,915	2,243,915
2027	1,435,000		117,381	1,552,381
2028	555,000		<i>77,</i> 700	632,700
2029	555,000		55,500	610,500
2030	555,000		33,300	588,300
2031	555,000	100	11,094	566,094
=				
Totals \$	55,725,860	\$	12,569,727	\$ 68,295,587

The Town issued \$507,000 of general obligation bonds on January 31, 2013 for water mains.

The Massachusetts Water Resource Authority (MWRA) operates an Infiltration/Inflow Financial Assistance Program for community owned collection systems. For each community approved for the project, financial assistance received from the MWRA consists of non-interest bearing loans (payable in five equal annual installments) and, in some instances, grants. During fiscal year 2013, \$1,000,000 was received from the program, all of which was a loan. At June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal amount of these loans totaled \$1,280,860.

Advanced Refunding - January 2013

The Town issued \$4,623,000 of general obligation refunding bonds (with bond issuance costs of \$78,297 and a premium of \$245,760) to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$4,700,000 of previously issued general obligation bonds related to school construction, land acquisition and various governmental capital projects. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$90,463. This amount was expensed in the current fiscal year. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years by approximately \$602,000 and resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$556,312.

Bonds Payable - Ambulance Enterprise Fund

		(Outstanding					Outstanding
	Interest		at June 30,		at June 30,			
Project	Rate (%)		2012		Additions		Reductions	2013
Fire Ambulance Replacement	2.34	\$	-	\$_	204,000	\$_	(29,000) \$	175,000

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for enterprise fund bonds payable in future fiscal years are as follows:

_Fiscal Year	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2014 \$	25,000	\$ 5,375	\$ 30,375
2015	25,000	4,625	29,625
2016	25,000	3,875	28,875
2017	25,000	3,125	28,125
2018	25,000	2,250	27,250
2019	25,000	1,250	26,250
2020	25,000	375	25,375
Total \$	175,000	\$ 20,875	\$ 195,875

The Town is subject to various debt limits by statute and may issue additional general obligation debt under the normal debt limit. At June 30, 2013, the Town had the following authorized and unissued debt:

Purpose		Amount
Ladder Truck	\$	960,000
Sabourin Field Synthetic Turf		850,000
Emergency Communications Center Upgrades		504,690
Water Main Improvements		500,000
Middlesex Turnpike Water Main		425,000
School Way & Municipal Complex Access/Paving		350,000
Crosby Drive Water Standpipe		260,000
Sewer Pump Station		170,000
Water Quality System Enhancements		155,000
Infiltration/Inflow Program	_	150,000
Total	\$_	4,324,690

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description – The Town provides health insurance coverage for its retirees and their survivors (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan") as a single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan. Chapter 32B of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to plan design and contribution rates must be accomplished through the collective bargaining process. The Plan does not issue a stand alone, GAAP-basis audited financial report.

The number of participants as of July 1, 2012, the latest actuarial valuation, is as follows:

Active employees	378
Retired employees	367
	
Total	745

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town. The required health insurance contribution rates of Plan members and the Town are 17-50% and 50-83%, respectively. The Town currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. The costs of administering the Plan are paid by the Town.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an actuarially determined amount that is calculated in accordance with the parameters set forth in GASB Statement #45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the actual amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	,	Amount
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	3,817,825 586,188 (488,490)
Annual OPEB cost		3,915,523 (1,293,283)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	:(=	2,622,240 14,654,696
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$	17,276,936

Trend information regarding annual pension cost, the percentage of the annual pension cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	_	Annual OPEB Cost (AOPEBC)	Percentage of AOPEBC Contributed	_	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2011	\$	5,080,950	23.2%	\$	10,592,196
June 30, 2012		5,340,932	23.9%		14,654,696
June 30, 2013		3,915,523	33.0%		17,276,936

Funded Status and Funding Progress – The funded status of the Plan at July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C)
07/01/12	\$ -	\$ 48,839,208	\$ 48,839,208	0.0% \$	38,413,036	127.1%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The significant methods and assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date: July 1, 2012

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method: Payments increasing at 4.00% per year

Remaining amortization period: 30 years at July 1, 2012 (open)

Interest discount and inflation rate: 4.00%

Healthcare/Medical cost trend rate: 9.00% decreasing by 0.75% for 5 years and by 0.25% for 1 year to an

ultimate level of 5.00% per year

Projected salary increases: 4.00%

Allocation of AOPEBC - AOPEBC costs were allocated to the Town's functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 328,854
Public safety	916,066
Education	1,808,972
Public works	361,204
Water	53,593
Sewer	56,457
Health and human services	151,184
Culture and recreation	163,091
Total AOPEBC - governmental activities	3,839,421
Business-Type Activities:	
Ambulance	76,102
Total AOPEBC	\$ 3,915,523

NOTE 12 - RISK FINANCING

Property and Liability Insurance

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

Health Insurance and Workers' Compensation

The Town participates in premium-based health care and workers' compensation plans. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

Prior to July 1, 2012, the Town was self-insured for a portion of its retirees' health insurance activities which were accounted for in the general fund. Since that date, the general fund has been accounting for the activities (insurance refunds, run-off claims, etc.) related to when the Town was self-insured.

The estimated "Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR)" claims are based on actual lag claims. As of June 30, 2013, there are no material outstanding health insurance claims payable. Changes in the reported liability since July 1, 2011, are as follows:

	8	Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	_	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimate		Claims Payments	_	Balance at Fiscal Year-end
Fiscal year 2012 Fiscal year 2013		154,972 100,000	\$ \$	952,017 (12,024)	\$ \$	(1,006,989) (87,976)	\$ \$	100,000

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES

The constraints on fund balances as listed in aggregate in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are detailed as follows:

	General	Sewer	High School	Community Preservation Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable: Permanent fund principal\$	\$	\$	\$		\$\$ \$	456,973
Restricted:						
Other post employment benefits	3,043,626	_	_	-	100	3,043,626
Pension benefits	1,113,996	_	_	_	7.44 7.44	1,113,996
Health benefits	668,191	-	_	_	(€)	668,191
Sewer	-	6,644,845	_	_	0.2	6,644,845
School construction	0+	-	67,425	_	((€)	67,425
Community preservation	_	_	· -	3,227,456		3,227,456
Capital - other	(4)	×	· ·	920	935,441	935,441
Other	:50	-	-		1,679,555	1,679,555
Revolving funds - Town	_	_	-	-	1,373,617	1,373,617
State grants	(€)	*	*		899,909	899,909
Gifts	-		<u> </u>		841,010	841,010
Affordable housing	99	*	-	:=:	478,798	478,798
Federal grants	# 2 0	÷.		12:1	293,051	293,051
Permanent funds - library	329	₩	¥	32	349,758	349,758
Revolving funds - school	<u> </u>			<u></u>	2,518	2,518
Sub-total - Restricted	4,825,813	6,644,845	67,425	3,227,456	6,853,657	21,619,196
Committed:						
Subsequent year's expenditures	2,471,075		_		:=-	2,471,075
Continuing appropriations	1,089,153	12	<u> </u>	120		1,089,153
Debt service	1,088,892		<u> </u>	(*)		1,088,892
Sub-total - Committed	4,649,120		<u> </u>	<u></u>	· · · · · · · ·	4,649,120
Assigned:						
Encumbrances	1,645,850	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3 	1,645,850
Unassigned	6,907,624	· ·		<u>*)</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,907,624
Total fund balances\$	18,028,407 \$	6,644,845 \$	67,425 \$	3,227,456	\$ 7,310,630 \$	35,278,763

NOTE 14 - STABILIZATION FUNDS

The Town maintains a general stabilization fund and a debt service stabilization fund (funded by bond premiums) that were established under MGL Chapter 40, Section 5B. Appropriations in and out of these stabilization funds require two-thirds vote of Town meeting. Investment income is retained by the fund.

The balance of the general stabilization fund and debt service stabilization fund at June 30, 2013 are \$2,590,971 and \$1,088,892, respectively. These balances are reported in the general fund as unassigned and committed fund balance, respectively.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Town contributes to the System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Middlesex Retirement Board. Substantially all employees of the Town are members of the System, except for public school teachers and certain administrators who are members of the Massachusetts Teachers Retirement System.

Chapter 32 of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Cost-of-living adjustments granted between 1981 and 1997 and any increase in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth's state law during those years are borne by the Commonwealth and are deposited into the pension fund. Cost-of-living adjustments granted after 1997 must be authorized by the Middlesex Retirement Board and are borne by the System. The System issues a publicly available report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth's Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission. That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 25 Linnell Circle, Billerica, Massachusetts, 01865. The System does not issue a stand alone, GAAP-basis audited financial report.

Funding Policy - Chapter 32 of MGL governs the contributions of plan members and the Town. Plan members are required to contribute to the System at rates ranging from 5% to 11% of annual covered compensation. The Town is required to pay into the System its share of the system-wide actuarial determined contribution that is apportioned among the employers based on annual covered payroll. The Town's contributions to the System for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were approximately \$2,915,000, \$2,847,000 and \$2,645,000, respectively, which equaled its required contribution for each fiscal year.

NOTE 16 - MASSACHUSETTS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Public school teachers and certain administrators are members of the Massachusetts Teachers Retirement System, to which the Town does not contribute. Pension benefits and administrative expenses paid by the Teachers Retirement Board are the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth. The amount of these on-behalf payments totaled approximately \$5,997,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and accordingly, are reported in the general fund as intergovernmental revenues and pension expenditures.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

The Town has also entered into, or is planning to enter into, contracts totaling approximately \$4,300,000 for infrastructure, machinery and equipment and buildings and improvements.

Other significant commitments include encumbrances and continuing appropriations outstanding for the general fund, which totaled \$2,735,003 at June 30, 2013.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

Various legal actions and claims are pending against the Town. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual litigated matters is not always predictable. Although the amount of liability, if any, at June 30, 2013, cannot be ascertained, management believes any resulting liability should not materially affect the financial position of the Town at June 30, 2013.

The Town participates in a number of federal award programs. Although the grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 through June 30, 2013, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 19 - FUTURE IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued the following statements:

- Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2014. Management does not believe the implementation of this Statement will significantly impact the basic financial statements.
- Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections 2013 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2014. Management does not believe the implementation of this Statement will impact the basic financial statements.
- ➤ Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2014. Management has determined that the implementation of this Statement will not impact the basic financial statements.
- Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2015. The implementation of this Statement will represent a significant change in the accounting and reporting of pension expense and the related liability. For the first time, the Town will be required to recognize its long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability and to more comprehensively measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The implementation of this Statement also expands pension related note disclosures and required supplementary information.
- Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2015. Management does not believe the implementation of this Statement will impact the basic financial statements.
- Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2014. Management does not believe the implementation of this Statement will impact the basic financial statements.

These pronouncements will be implemented by their respective implementation dates.

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	ActuaI Budgetary Amounts	Amounts Carried Forward to Next Year	Variance to Final Budget
REVENUES					
Real estate and personal property taxes	52,771,916 \$			\$	\$ 265,207
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	2,445,320	2,445,320	2,982,680	83	537,360
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,505,275 2,954,008	1,505,275	1,508,498 2,690,907	100	3,223 (263,101)
Intergovernmental	5,962,677	2,954,008 5,962,677	5,999,079		36,402
Penalties and interest on taxes.	50,000	50,000	187,002		137,002
Departmental and other	1,308,831	1,308,831	1,921,292	:*:	612,461
Investment income	143,692	143,692	115,237		(28,455)
TOTAL REVENUES	67,141,719	67,007,626	68,307,725		1,300,099
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Selectmen	1,192,712	1,188,571	477,779	612,645	98,147
Finance/Administrative services	964,845	1,109,845	1,006,468	81,440	21,937
Financial Committees	100,806	100,806	200	90,295	10,311
Board of Assessors	264,139	264,139	241,336	323	22,803
Legal services	178,500	178,500	129,296	04.040	49,204
Town Clerk	230,890	230,890	199,101	24,342	7,447 648
Planning Board	53,046	53,046	52,398	10,504	1,952
Facilities	179,633 1,562,012	179,633 1,482,012	167,177 1,299,325	159,532	23,155
Town Center	143,579	143,579	138,888	4,690	25,155
Police department	3,238,285	3,242,426	3,238,130	987	3,309
Fire department	2,213,004	2,188,368	1,921,088	222,565	44,715
Code enforcement	430,895	430,895	426,892	280	3,723
School department	33,626,413	33,626,413	32,939,603	673,646	13,164
Vocational education.	505,000	505,000	468,656		36,344
Public works	11,803,493	11,643,130	10,959,073	832,139	(148,082)
Board of Health	539,049	539,049	500,821	11,885	26,343
Hazardous waste	17,175	17,175	13,846	- 27	3,329
Mosquito control	37,005	37,005	37,005	3	
Bedford Local Transit	56,955	56,955	52,956	19	3,980
Council on Aging	173,607	173,607	172,268	191	1,148
Youth and family services	358,134	358,134	346,885		11,249
Public Library	1,175,150	1,175,150	1,146,787	9,843	18,520
Recreation Commission	158,969	158,969	158,969	<u> </u>	
Historic Preservation Commission	1,244	1,244	168	::	1,076
Pension benefits	2,958,420	2,958,420	2,958,420	-	100
Insurance and benefits	6,425,061	6,425,061	5,879,126		545,935
State and county charges Debt service:	360,240	360,240	376,864	12	(16,624)
Principal	5,377,016	5,377,016	5,377,016		
Interest	2,332,861	2,357,861	2,214,646		143,215
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	76,658,138	76,563,139	72,901,187	2,735,003	926,949
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(9,516,419)	(9,555,513)	(4,593,462)	(2,735,003)	2,227,048
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	5,903,629	E 740 066	E 740 066	51	(20)
Premium from issuance of bonds and notes	3,903,029	5,743,266	5,743,266		23,926
Transfers out.	(1,707,128)	(1,937,128)	23,926 (1,937,128)	2	23,920
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	4,196,501	3,806,138	3,830,064	2	23,926
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(5,319,919)		(763,398)	(2,735,003)	2,250,974
	,	(5,749,375)			2,230,774
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,574,852	10,574,852	10,574,852	10,574,852	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR\$	5,254,934 \$	4,825,477	9,811,454	7,839,849	\$ 2,250,974

See notes to required supplementary information.

COMMUNITY PRESERVATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

REVENUES	Original Budget		Final Budget	ē	Actuarial Budgetary Amounts	U.	Amounts Carried Forward to Next Year		Variance to Final Budget
Community preservation surcharges \$	1,293,737	\$	1,293,737	\$	1,300,806	\$	S#1	\$	7,069
Penalties and interest on taxes	-		-		2,453		A.**		2,453
Intergovernmental	379,041		379,041		379,041				3
Investment income	20,000	-	20,000		11,794	_			(8,206)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,692,778	: ::	1,692,778		1,694,094		<u> </u>		1,316
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Administrative	10,000		10,000		4,398		-		5,602
Acquisitions and projects	4,896,045	=	4,896,045		1,986,440	1	2,909,605		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,906,045	_	4,906,045	-	1,990,838	-	2,909,605		5,602
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,213,267)	_	(3,213,267)	_	(296,744)	_	(2,909,605)		6,918
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	(714,837)		(714,837)		(714,837)		963		
s=	(, , , ,	_	(,,	_	(_			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,928,104)		(3,928,104)		(1,011,581)		(2,909,605)		6,918
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,239,037	=	4,239,037	: 22	4,239,037	÷	4,239,037	. 5	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR \$	310,933	\$_	310,933	\$_	3,227,456	\$_	1,329,432	\$	6,918

See notes to required supplementary information.

PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES

The following schedules provide information related to the System as a whole, for which the Town is one participating employer:

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS (SYSTEM)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (B)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((B-A)/C)
01/01/12 \$	862,323,395	\$ 1,974,144,909	\$ 1,111,821,514	43.7%	\$ 393,100,995	282.8%
01/01/10	819,987,914	1,742,380,855	922,392,941	47.1%	384,598,692	239.8%
01/01/08	774,863,669	1,529,806,307	754,942,638	50.7%	360,206,302	209.6%
01/01/06	653,156,866	1,364,582,969	711,426,103	47.9%	330,999,861	214.9%
01/01/04	618,163,380	1,223,828,127	605,664,747	50.5%	306,025,949	197.9%
01/01/02	599,699,143	1,020,828,178	421,129,035	58.7%	280,740,439	150.0%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (SYSTEM)

		Annually	
		Required	Percentage of
Year Ended		Contributions	ARC
December 31	_	(ARC)	Contributed (%)
ty (Au			
2007	\$	64,053,064	100
2008		71,233,749	100
2009		74,126,190	100
2010		76,270,263	100
2011		79,640,599	100
2012		83,308,220	100

The following schedule provides information related to the Town's portion of the System's ARC:

TOWN SHARE OF SYSTEM ARC

Fiscal Year Ended	ARC	Percentage of ARC Contributed (%)	Town ARC as a Percentage of System ARC (%)
2008	\$ 2,155,983	100	3.4
2009	2,416,270	100	3.4
2010	2,481,050	100	3.3
2011	2,644,592	100	3.5
2012	2,847,038	100	3.6
2013	2,914,921	100	3.5

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE

The following schedule provides information related to the Town's other post-employment benefits plan:

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS (SYSTEM)

			Actuarial						
			Accrued						UAAL as a
	Actuarial		Liability (AAL)		Unfunded				Percentage
Actuarial	Value of		Projected Unit		AAL	Funded	Covered		of Covered
Valuation	Assets		Credit		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll		Payroll
Date	(A)	_	(B)	-	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	-	((B-A)/C)
06/30/08	\$	- \$	61,170,521	\$	61,170,521	0.0%	\$ 32,019,829		191.0%
06/30/10		.	71,292,434		71,292,434	0.0%	37,108,987		192.1%
07/01/12		•	48,839,208		48,839,208	0.0%	38,413,036		127.1%

The significant changes to the methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuations identified above that impacted trends in the schedules of funding progress are as follows:

- The 06/30/10 valuation reflects an increase in the trend on medical and prescription drug costs
- The 07/01/12 valuation reflects actuarial gains from the Town's participation in the Commonwealth's Group Insurance Commission (GIC) effective July 1, 2012

NOTE A - BUDGETARY - GAAP RECONCILIATION

For budgetary financial reporting purposes, the Uniform Massachusetts Accounting System basis of accounting (established by the Commonwealth) is followed, which differs from the GAAP basis of accounting. A reconciliation of budgetary-basis to GAAP-basis results for the general fund and community preservation fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is presented below:

General Fund

					Other Financing
	Revenues	. <u>I</u>	Expenditures	-	Sources (Uses)
Budgetary basis as reported on the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund					
balance - budget and actual	\$ 68,307,725	\$	72,901,187	\$	3,830,064
Reclassifications					
Activity of health insurance trusts recorded in the					
general fund for GAAP purposes	15,306		(12,024)		0.5
Activity of stabilization fund recorded in the general fund					
for GAAP purposes	379,890		-		1,084,000
Activity of bond premium stabilization fund recorded in the					
general fund for GAAP purposes	20,988		-		(142,282)
Activity of post retirement benefits fund recorded in the					
general fund for GAAP purposes	82,439		-		525,000
Activity of pension fund recorded in the					
general fund for GAAP purposes	39,843		-		(160,000)
Adjustments					
Net change in recording 60-day receipts	183,845		-		
Net change in recording tax refunds payable	653,472		=		
To record MTRS on-behalf payments	5,996,915		5,996,915		
GAAP basis as reported on the statement of revenues,					
expenditures and changes in fund balances	75,680,423	\$	78,886,078	\$=	5,136,782

Community Preservation Fund

	,	Expenditures
Budgetary basis as reported on the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual	\$	1,990,838
Adjustments Net change in recording accrued expenditures		(147,810)
GAAP basis as reported on the statement of revenues expenditures and changes in fund balances	\$	1,843,028

NOTE B - PENSION PLAN

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date: January 1, 2012

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal

Amortization method: Prior year's total contribution increased by 6.5% for fiscal year 2014

through 2010, and thereafter the remaining unfunded liability will be amortized on a 4.0% annual increasing basis; ERI liability amortized in

level payments.

Remaining amortization period: As of July 1, 2012, 7 years remaining for 2002 ERI liability, 8 years

remaining for 2003 ERI liability and 23 years for remaining unfunded

liability

Asset valuation method: The difference between the expected return and the actual investment

return on a market value basis is recognized over a 5 year period as

described by Revenue Procedure 2000-40.

Actuarial assumptions:

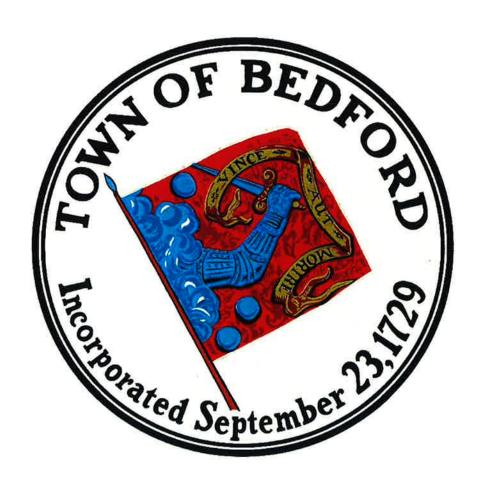
Investment rate of return: 8.00%

Projected salary increases: 4.75% for Group 1 and 5.25% for Group 4

Cost of living adjustments: 3.00% on the first \$14,000 of retirement income

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Combining Statements



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Town Revolving Funds – This fund is used to account for the non-school related activity of revolving funds established in accordance with MGL Chapter 44, Section $53E \frac{1}{2}$.

School Revolving Funds – This fund is used to account for the school department's revolving funds established in accordance with MGL Chapter 44, Section 53E ½ and Chapter 71.

Grants – This fund is used to account for grant funds received from state and federal governments which are restricted for specific programs.

Other Funds – This fund is used to account for cemetery improvement funds, bequests that do not contain a non-expendable portion, and other receipts reserved for future appropriation.

Gifts – This fund is used to account for gifts which have been accepted by the Town to be used for the purpose specified by the donor.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs and benefit the government or its citizenry.

Library Trust Funds – accounts for all library related permanent funds.

Other Trust Funds – accounts for all non-library related permanent funds.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2013

	-			Special I	Reve	enue Funds		
ASSETS		Town Revolving Funds	e a	School Revolving Funds	3 S .	Grants	_	Other Funds
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,382,901 -	\$	27,542	\$	621,485	\$	618,105 1,465,904
Receivables, net of uncollectibles:								
Departmental and other		39,171		*		11.00		<u>:=:</u>
Intergovernmental	_	(*	-	<u> </u>	1 12	672,254	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	1,422,072	\$	27,542	\$ =	1,293,739	\$=	2,084,009
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
Warrants payable	\$	36,151	\$	7,817	\$	13,218	\$	12,963
Accrued payroll		7,004		17,207		87,561		-
Deferred revenues	-	5,300	-		-		_	17/1
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	48,455	2	25,024	-	100,779	_	12,963
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable		-		(*		: - :		-
Restricted		1,373,617	9	2,518		1,192,960		2,071,046
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	1,373,617		2,518		1,192,960	_	2,071,046
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	1,422,072	\$_	27,542	\$_	1,293,739	\$_	2,084,009

- ×=	Special I	Rever	nue Funds Sub-total	· –	Capital Projects Funds Capital Projects Funds	. <u>-</u>	Library Trust Funds	Per	manent Fun Other Trust Funds	ds_	Sub-total	a	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	844,588	\$	3,494,621 1,465,904	\$	961,439	\$	9,074 638,739	\$	6,445 239,780	\$	15,519 878,519	\$	4,471,579 2,344,423
	<u>.</u>	s 25=	39,171 672,254	_		=	, .	-	=>	s n=	:e:	6	39,171 672,254
\$=	844,588	\$=	5,671,950	\$=	961,439	\$=	647,813	\$=	246,225	\$ _	894,038	\$	7,527,427
\$	3,578	\$	73,727	\$	25,998	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,725
	2		111,772 5,300		14		2		9		•		111,772 5,300
-		:	3,300	: a		+) (-	<u></u>	-			3,300
-	3,578	-	190,799	=	25,998	1215	*	_		-			216,797
	185				₩.		298,055		158,918		456,973		456,973
-	841,010	_	5,481,151	_	935,441	7	349,758	_	87,307		437,065	1	6,853,657
-	841,010	_	5,481,151		935,441	8=	647,813	_	246,225		894,038		7,310,630
\$_	844,588	\$_	5,671,950	\$_	961,439	\$_	647,813	\$	246,225	\$_	894,038	\$	7,527,427

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-			Special R	leven	ue Funds		
		Town Revolving Funds		School Revolving Funds		Grants		Other Funds
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	_	\$	4,024,511	\$	2=2
Departmental and other		2,907,752		558,381		7,499		431,695
Contributions		Y a =1		72		5 <u>0</u>		210,722
Investment income	_	228	8 89		-	23	-	35,357
TOTAL REVENUES	:(=	2,907,980		558,381	_	4,032,033	-	677,774
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		146,263		-		8,988		557,824
Public safety		562,602		-		246,254		-
Education		379,365		523,813		3,424,314		-
Public works		20,688		-		252,153		-
Water		5		:=:				
Sewer		9						
Health and human services		6,062		-		22,828		-
Culture and recreation		1,711,143	-		-	14,222	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	2,826,123		523,813	,_	3,968,759		557,824
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES) -	81,857		34,568	-	63,274	-	119,950
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Issuance of bonds and notes		2		***		5 2 3		-
Issuance of refunding bonds		₽		2				-
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds		<u>~</u>		<u>~</u> ~		-		21
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		Ę.		_		*		-
Transfers out	_		_		<u>-</u>	(120,000)		<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_		-	*.		(120,000)	=	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		81,857		34,568		(56,726)		119,950
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,291,760	-	(32,050)		1,249,686	-	1,951,096
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,373,617	\$_	2,518	\$	1,192,960	\$_	2,071,046

_	Special Re	ven	ue Funds	_	Capital Projects Funds	_		Per	manent Fur	ıds			Total
_	Gifts	_	Sub-total		Capital Projects Funds		Library Trust Funds	ଶ ା≅	Other Trust Funds	. 2	Sub-total	e es	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	4,024,511	\$	(*)	\$	_	\$:#:	\$	4	\$	4,024,511
	÷.		3,905,327		940		47		72		47		3,905,374
	366,317		577,039		=		8		(2)		-		577,039
	256		35,864		1,623		9,287		92,653		101,940		139,427
				-				-		-		2 65	
-	366,573	0	8,542,741	: :=	1,623		9,334	-	92,653	-	101,987	5 S a	8,646,351
	70,154		783,229		120,840								904,069
	2,779		811,635		120,040		1 - 1		224		-		
	23,095		4,350,587		3,294		Acc.		E 246		E 246		811,691
	1,085		273,926		62,641		5.5		5,346		5,346		4,359,227 336,567
	1,000		273,920		909,039				= 5		=		909,039
	33,635		33,635		66,588		98		-		=		100,223
	44,487		73,377		00,500		191		77.0		π		73,377
	-		1,725,365		-		11,694				11,694		1,737,059
_		_	1,7 23,000	_		-	11,074	-		=	11,074	3	1,757,057
	175,235	-	8,051,754	_	1,162,458	-	11,694	-	5,346	: ::=	17,040		9,231,252
,	191,338	_	490,987	-	(1,160,835)	_	(2,360)	_	87,307	· -	84,947	: : -	(584,901)
	_		-		1,507,000		· =		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1,507,000
	4		2		4,623,000		181		<u>u</u>		2		4,623,000
	=		2		245,760		-		2		-		245,760
	14		*		(4,790,463)		_		-				(4,790,463)
			(120,000)				-				-		(120,000)
-			,			-		-		_		-	<u> </u>
-	<u></u>	_	(120,000)	_	1,585,297	_	:•0	7_		-	·	-	1,465,297
	191,338		370,987		424,462		(2,360)		87,307		84,947		880,396
_	649,672		5,110,164		510,979	_	650,173	2	158,918	_	809,091	-	6,430,234
\$	841,010 \$	·	5,481,151	\$	935,441	\$_	647,813	\$_	246,225	\$_	894,038	\$_	7,310,630

Agency Funds

These funds are used to account for p	performance deposits from contractors.
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AGENCY FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS		Balance at uly 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	578,591	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 578,591
LIABILITIES Liabilities due depositors	\$	578,591	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 578,591

Statistical Section

Statistical tables differ from financial statements since they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data. The following tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends, and fiscal capacity.



Depot Park

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Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Bedford's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Table of Contents

Financial Trends (pages 85-96)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (pages 97-99)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity (pages 100-102)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information (pages 103-104)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.

Operating Information (pages 105-107)

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

SOURCES: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position By Component (A)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Yea	r		
	-	2004	<u>.</u>	2005	<u>.</u>	2006	÷	2007
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets (A)		95,482,398 3,610,780 25,376,342	\$	100,692,223 4,210,164 24,578,770	\$	95,710,758 7,541,861 25,127,152	\$	97,543,569 29,661,172 22,454,438
Total governmental activities net position	\$ =	124,469,520	\$=	129,481,157	\$=	128,379,771	\$_	149,659,179
Business-Type activities (B) Net investment in capital assets (A)			\$.e .e	\$_	5.	\$	(8) (8)
Total business-type activities net position	\$=		\$_	<u>=}</u>	\$=		\$	
Primary government Net investment in capital assets (A) Restricted Unrestricted	\$	95,482,398 3,610,780 25,376,342	\$	100,692,223 4,210,164 24,578,770	\$	95,710,758 7,541,861 25,127,152	\$	97,543,569 29,661,172 22,454,438
Total primary government net position	\$	124,469,520	\$	129,481,157	\$_	128,379,771	\$=	149,659,179

⁽A) Net position and net investment in capital assets terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

⁽B) Business-type activities are reported starting in fiscal year 2013 with the Town's adoption of the Ambulance Enterprise Fund

Fiscal Year

	2008	-	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
\$	104,793,480 8,473,528 27,730,975	\$	119,172,856 8,037,583 20,620,500	\$	110,394,909 22,707,425 11,082,848	\$	111,652,348 24,831,495 3,201,170	\$	110,983,956 23,849,127 1,729,983	\$	113,007,214 23,905,718 (154,042)
\$_	140,997,983	\$_	147,830,939	\$_	144,185,182	\$_	139,685,013	\$=	136,563,066	=	136,758,890
\$.a.	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	3=	\$		\$	(21,895) 188,070
\$	-	\$_	-	\$		\$ _	· E	\$ =	3	\$=	166,175
\$	104,793,480 8,473,528 27,730,975	\$	119,172,856 8,037,583 20,620,500	\$	110,394,909 22,707,425 11,082,848	\$	111,652,348 24,831,495 3,201,170	\$	110,983,956 23,849,127 1,729,983	\$	112,985,319 23,905,718 34,028
\$_	140,997,983	\$_	147,830,939	\$_	144,185,182	\$_	139,685,013	\$_	136,563,066	\$_	136,925,065

Governmental Activities Changes in Net Position (A)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	715					Fiscal Year				
	05	2004		2005	. a=	2006		2007		2008
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	3,772,895	\$	3,508,154	\$	4,454,453	\$	5,417,160	s	4,724,817
Public safety	Ψ	6,977,830	Ψ	7,137,762	Ψ	7,729,571		7,680,670		8,220,383
Education		32,969,852		36,069,305		38,154,240		40,624,444		40,578,333
Public works		6,369,035		7,174,095		8,502,605		6,301,533		7,105,107
Water		1,218,754		1,203,407		1,666,657		1,556,392		1,417,134
Sewer		3,583,490		3,799,633		3,575,318		4,024,790		3,986,168
Human services		1,087,001		1,134,207		1,188,031		1,248,160		1,233,859
Culture and recreation		2,742,460		2,926,165		2,969,017		3,324,537		3,499,833
Interest		2,107,999		2,371,621		2,538,102		3,057,173		3,785,529
Other	90	135,735		100,173		104,533		<i>2,001,7210 ¥</i> ,		:40,
Total government activities expenses	\$_	60,965,051	\$_	65,424,522	\$_	70,882,527	\$_	73,234,859	\$	74,551,163
Риссиять Ромония	-						_	,		
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	¢	1,422,105	\$	1,406,584	\$	554,482	\$	494,536	\$	515,684
Public safety	Ψ	1,157,301	Ψ	1,230,217	Ψ	1,795,234	Ψ	1,623,338	4	1,912,935
Water		1,395,880		2,040,900		2,233,926		2,452,167		3,011,711
Sewer		2,972,278		3,665,038		3,176,871		3,768,559		4,361,601
Culture and recreation		539,172		602,368		674,806		669,349		680,977
Other		738,725		956,726		893,728		844,383		935,190
Operating grants and contributions		11,300,605		11,394,461		12,602,391		13,240,827		13,975,158
Capital grant and contributions		15,375,096	-	5,589,840	_	2,511,723	-	1,646,828		11,294,292
Total government activities program revenues	\$=	34,901,162	\$=	26,886,134	\$=	24,443,161	\$=	24,739,987	\$ =	36,687,548
Net (Expense)/Program Revenue	\$_	(26,063,889)	\$_	(38,538,388)	\$_	(46,439,366)	\$=	(48,494,872)	\$ =	(37,863,615)
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:	4		4				_		12.	
Real estate and personal property taxes	\$	34,805,983	\$	37,140,779	\$	38,058,282	\$	39,444,930	\$	42,156,753
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		1,846,599		2,055,801		2,124,150		2,193,990		2,241,778
Community preservation surcharges		867,530		914,068		957,169		1,005,955		1,071,678
Penalties and interest on taxes		86,601		202,590		149,003		114,944		111,553
Grants and contributions not restricted to		1,086,718		1,120,149		1,158,303		1,221,245		1,279,990
specific programs		821,154		920,307		1 150 260		1,501,668		1,426,584
Unrestricted investment income						1,150,260				
Transfers, net		849,172		1,196,331		1,740,813		2,605,592		2,600,039
Extraordinary item - transfer of ambulance		5.4.0		_						
debt to business-type activities		5						(2))		Ē.
Total general revenues and other changes in net position	\$	40,363,757	\$	43,550,025	\$_	45,337,980	\$	48,088,324	\$	50,888,375
		14 200 000	_		=		=		-	
Changes in Net Position	5 =	14,299,868	\$=	5,011,637	^{\$} =	(1,101,386)	\$ =	(406,548)	\$ =	13,024,760

⁽A) Net position terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

-			
- 141	ISCA I	Year	•

1.0									
	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
- 12						S 33			
\$	5,678,938 9,635,249	\$	5,455,197 9,462,746	\$	5,842,948 9,619,842	\$	5,625,205 10,102,908	\$	5,507,125 9,326,984
	46,682,837 8,717,806 2,112,065 4,271,320		48,754,787 6,354,053 2,367,437 4,632,268		50,437,739 7,626,015 2,436,795 4,806,486		51,972,609 7,044,640 2,112,634 4,565,735		52,931,707 7,250,333 2,564,055 4,475,424
	1,633,960 3,541,267 2,888,872		1,817,572 3,528,722 2,784,521		1,913,171 3,685,857 2,459,305		1,877,781 3,610,814 3,055,662		1,887,739 3,645,910 2,270,812
-			(€	=		==	<u> </u>	-	140
\$_	85,162,314	\$	85,157,303	\$	88,828,158	\$=	89,967,988	\$_	89,860,089
\$	860,239	\$	509,581	\$	522,224	\$	764,512	\$	712,407
	1,373,843		998,862		1,444,647		1,336,098		1,032,530
	2,628,421		3,111,320		2,973,488		2,866,113		2,821,636
	3,699,114		5,171,795		4,275,156		4,561,870		4,377,814
	575,407		534,523		545,394		548,253		550,980
	933,483		324,424		384,145		354,064		394,111
-	12,739,771	- R	19,221,263 (862,002)		15,826,959 1,213,250	_	16,240,591 836,350	-	17,452,298 638,291
\$=	39,277,086	\$_	29,009,766	\$=	27,185,263	\$_	27,507,851	\$_	27,980,067
\$ =	(45,885,228)	\$=	(56,147,537)	\$=	(61,642,895)	\$_	(62,460,137)	\$	(61,880,022)
\$	45,175,869	s	45,092,458	\$	49,624,988	\$	51,519,462	\$	53,595,330
NAT.	2,175,593	4	2,301,301	Ψ	2,750,434		2,975,559		3,073,055
	1,135,525		1,137,326		1,198,170		1,268,438		1,301,788
	128,365		216,645		203,424		172,203		187,002
	1,347,828		1,418,587		1,411,786		1,459,126		1,508,498
	1,648,039		1,699,813		1,584,480		1,635,446		1,561,558
	1,106,965		635,650		369,444		307,956		783,933
	₹ <u>.</u>				-		(€)		(139,318)
:=		-	<u> </u>	-		-	<u> </u>	-	204,000
\$=	52,718,184	\$ =	52,501,780	\$=	57,142,726	\$=	59,338,190	\$	62,075,846
\$=	6,832,956	\$=	(3,645,757)	\$_	(4,500,169)	\$	(3,121,947)	\$_	195,824

Business-Type Activities Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years (A)

		Fiscal Year
		2013
Expenses		
Business-type activities:		
Ambulance	\$	756,971
Program Revenues		
Business-type activities:		
Charges for services:		
Ambulance	\$	807,081
Operating grants and contributions		7,228
Capital grant and contributions	02	173,519
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$=	987,828
Net (Expense)/Program Revenue	\$ =	230,857
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position		
Business-type activities:		
Transfers, net	\$	139,318
Extraordinary item - transfer of ambulance	Ψ	107,010
debt to business-type activities		(204,000)
Total general revenues and other changes in net position	\$=	(64,682)
Changes in Net Position	\$ =	166,175

⁽A) Business-type activities are reported starting in fiscal year 2013 with the Town's adoption of the Ambulance Enterprise Fund

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Primary Government Changes in Net Position (A)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_					Fiscal Year				
		2004	· ·	2005	-	2006	:=	2007		2008
Total expenses	\$	60,965,051	\$	65,424,522	\$	70,882,527	\$	73,234,859	\$	74,551,163
Total program revenues	_	34,901,162		26,886,134		24,443,161	3	24,739,987	2	36,687,548
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$_	(26,063,889)	\$ =	(38,538,388)	\$	(46,439,366)	\$ =	(48,494,872)	\$	(37,863,615)
Total general revenues, transfers and other changes in net position	\$_	40,363,757	\$=	43,550,025	\$_	45,337,980	\$=	48,088,324	\$_	50,888,375
Changes in Net Position	\$	14,299,868	\$_	5,011,637	\$	(1,101,386)	\$	(406,548)	\$	13,024,760

⁽A) Net position terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

Fiscal Year

	2009		2010	10	2011	-	2012	19	2013
\$	85,162,314	\$	85,157,303	\$	88,828,158	\$	89,967,988	\$	90,617,060
	39,277,086	-	29,009,766	-	27,185,263	-	27,507,851	8	28,967,895
\$	(45,885,228)	\$	(56,147,537)	\$	(61,642,895)	\$	(62,460,137)	\$	(61,649,165)
\$	52,718,184	\$_	52,501,780	\$	57,142,726	\$_	59,338,190	\$	62,011,164
\$_	6,832,956	\$_	(3,645,757)	\$_	(4,500,169)	\$	(3,121,947)	\$	361,999

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2004 2007 2005 2006 General Fund Reserved.....\$ 4,075,621 2,868,941 1,916,370 2,894,274 Unreserved..... 7,817,761 8,095,344 7,262,799 8,433,363 Restricted..... Committed..... Assigned..... Unassigned..... Total general fund..... 11,893,382 10,964,285 10,349,733 10,157,073 All Other Governmental Funds Reserved.....\$ 357,421 442,235 410,760 433,499 Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds..... 15,618,928 15,685,838 19,363,627 19,079,172 Capital projects funds..... (8,081,261)(6,268,766)(11,762,971)(21,084,652)Permanent funds..... 288,571 309,518 339,365 326,247 Nonspendable..... Restricted..... Unassigned..... Total all other governmental funds..... 8,183,659 10,137,350 8,373,520 (1,236,998)

⁽A) Fiscal year 2011 represents the first year of implementing GASB Statement # 54

Fiscal Year

*	2008	0	2009	- 3	2010		2011 (A)		2012		2013
\$	1,969,641 8,148,653 - - -	\$	2,172,960 6,893,204 - - - -	\$	2,498,468 4,611,840 - -	\$	4,054,123 3,971,248 1,350,317 5,872,381	\$	- 4,311,200 5,666,518 1,243,040 4,876,522.00	\$	4,825,813 4,649,120 1,645,850 6,907,624
\$ =	10,118,294	\$	9,066,164	\$	7,110,308	\$_	15,248,069	\$ _	16,097,280	\$_	18,028,407
\$	458,578	\$	465,301	\$	9,261,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$	*
-	21,066,563 2,682,103 391,983		19,945,277 3,169,841 350,761 - -		11,997,536 1,903,420 344,800	_	446,888 17,911,406	ă -	452,742 16,933,102 (32,050)	_	456,973 16,793,383
\$_	24,599,227	\$	23,931,180	\$	23,507,691	\$_	18,358,294	\$_	17,353,794	\$_	17,250,356

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year				
	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
Revenues:									
Real estate and personal property taxes	34,846,274	\$	36,338,335	\$	38,852,987	\$	39,563,532	\$	42,038,212
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	1,841,960		2,087,997		2,033,162		2,221,374		2,304,203
Community preservation surcharges	867,530		914,068		957,169		1,012,746		1,064,383
Charges for Services	4,279,419		5,461,275		5,692,856		5,767,818		7,041,782
Penalties and interest on taxes	86,601		202,590		149,003		114,944		111,553
Intergovernmental	9,520,263		12,731,392		13,620,318		20,503,881		24,988,272
Departmental and other	5,365,426		5,349,711		6,381,572		6,333,400		6,881,559
Contributions.	658,776		130,403		93,829		79,977		208,488
Payment in lieu of taxes.	1,086,718		1,120,149		1,158,303		1,221,245		1,279,990
Investment income	849,172		1,120,149		1,737,101		2,605,592		2,600,039
		N 22	1,1,1,1,1,1	-	1), 0, 1101	-	2,000,072	-	2,000,000
Total Revenue	59,402,139	8 🚘	65,530,654	-	70,676,300	- 1	79,424,509	a 19 <u>.</u>	88,518,481
Expenditures:									
Current									
General government	4,927,798		4,111,132		4,778,605		4,234,474		3,479,072
Public safety	5,697,240		5,704,789		6,131,694		5,689,344		6,063,980
Education	27,536,759		27,601,291		28,351,663		30,177,656		29,354,294
Public works	5,007,956		5,007,137		5,503,216		4,242,610		5,043,611
Water	1,043,454		1,030,314		1,376,498		1,146,802		992,362
Sewer	363,749		457,225		487,537		605,818		438,940
MWRA Assessment	2,290,688		2,357,318		2,379,363		2,565,613		2,662,238
Health and human services	880,545		911,285		953,399		985,359		976,251
Culture and recreation	2,428,987		2,476,829		2,532,496		2,840,052		2,992,406
Pension and employee benefits	9,026,190		10,348,948		10,939,048		11,778,148		12,692,408
State and county charges	273,892		268,898		245,823		247,083		254,413
Capital outlay	6,179,177		8,907,749		3,967,694		25,443,810		23,362,507
Other	135,735						23,443,610		23,302,307
Debt service	133,733		100,173		104,533		-		
	2.044.051		0.001.051		0.040.011		4.047.011		4 006 741
Principal	3,944,051		3,831,051		3,840,911		4,067,911		4,336,741
Interest	2,074,512	-	2,473,221	1	2,362,202	=	3,065,540	1	2,565,962
Total Expenditures	71,810,733	-	75,587,360	-	73,954,682	s=	97,090,220	6 a <u>=</u>	95,215,185
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(12,408,594)	_	(10,056,706)	_	(3,278,382)	-	(17,665,711)	-	(6,696,704)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Issuance of bonds and notes	_		11,081,300		900,000		7,862,533		32,494,150
Issuance of refunding bonds	_		-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		7,002,000		52,151,100
Premium from issuance of bonds and notes	_		_		_				_
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds	_		_				_		
Payments of current refunded debt.	_		-		-		-		_
	-				-		-		-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	E 096 021		E 000 FEE		0.064.000		7.074.540		E 404 01 E
Transfers in	5,086,931 (5,086,931)		5,220,575 (5,220,575)		8,864,993 (8,864,993)		7,374,549 (7,374,549)		5,434,015 (5,434,015)
	(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	_	<u> </u>	_		_	·	_	
Fotal other financing sources (uses)	-	_	11,081,300	-	900,000	-	7,862,533	-	32,494,150
Net change in fund balance\$	(12,408,594)	\$=	1,024,594	\$	(2,378,382)	\$=	(9,803,178)	\$	25,797,446
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.17%		9.45%		8.86%		9.96%		9.61%

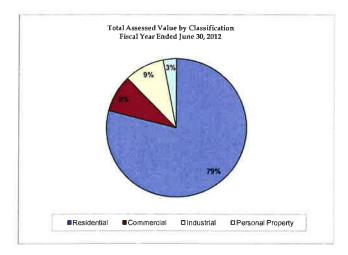
Fisca	l Year

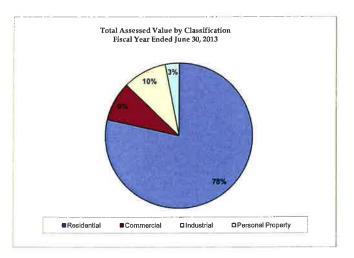
	2009		2010	n 6	2011		2012		2013
-									
\$	45,133,746	\$	45,209,302	\$	49,839,603	\$	51,267,904	\$	53,740,350
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
	2,192,527		2,308,614		2,714,614		2,987,334		2,982,680
	1,133,730		1,114,123		1,217,777		1,267,161		1,300,806
	6,011,666		6,716,869		7,373,939		7,283,969		7,036,907
	128,365		216,645		205,810		175,462		189,455
	28,252,555		25,338,294		14,718,234		15,099,991		16,399,546
	6,567,417		5,267,691		5,761,251		6,128,564		5,826,666
	1,058,255		208,932		256,586		285,869		577,039
	1,347,828		1,418,587		1,411,786		1,459,126		1,508,498
50	1,106,965	= 0=	635,650	e ::	369,444		330,380		804,921
	92,933,054		88,434,707		83,869,044		86,285,760		90,366,868
100		: :-		S =	00,007,000				70,000,000
	6,330,834		3,945,215		4,176,239		4,023,128		4,027,042
	5,605,988		6,350,807						
					6,357,082		6,634,060		6,385,504
	32,905,574		35,023,509		35,659,361		36,426,213		37,452,057
	5,603,411		4,058,053		4,869,633		4,321,864		4,876,889
	1,182,262		1,778,604		1,732,967		1,541,187		1,977,103
	292,295		581,550		579,121		597,401		570,221
	2,779,636		2,929,353		2,872,130		2,951,458		2,909,153
	1,107,167		1,124,587		1,163,359		1,115,588		1,197,159
	2,869,907		2,834,456		2,911,703		2,917,883		3,042,982
	13,853,547		13,521,682		13,962,653		14,695,914		14,822,437
	259,662		274,138		310,540		353,366		376,864
	11,077,304		4,605,325		10,280,907		3,830,395		4,780,011
					(A.)				•
	10,943,572		3,818,571		4,212,654		5,248,654		5,377,016
	3,296,072		3,251,651		2,226,673		2,423,254		2,214,646
-		_		_				-	
	98,107,231		84,097,501		91,315,022		87,080,365		90,009,084
-	(5,174,177)	_	4,337,206	-	(7,445,978)		(794,605)	1	357,784
	3,454,000		1,776,715		9,099,000		533,000		1,507,000
	25,735,000		2,775,000		724		9,440,000		4,623,000
			1,358,368		1,335,342		203,604		23,926
			68,319		E20		767,080		245,760
	(25,735,000)		00,517				707,000		240,700
	(20,730,000)		(10 (04 052)		(5)		(10.204.200)		(4.700.460)
	C COA 007		(12,694,953)		4.044.450		(10,304,368)		(4,790,463)
	6,694,887		6,438,328		4,846,152		5,256,715		5,440,984
_	(6,694,887)	_	(6,438,328)		(4,846,152)		(5,256,715)	-	(5,580,302)
	3,454,000		(6,716,551)		10,434,342		639,316		1,469,905
-	5,303,000	-	(0,710,001)	3	10,101,012	8 8	009,010		1,407,700
\$	(1,720,177)	\$	(2,379,345)	\$_	2,988,364	\$	(155,289)	\$	1,827,689
	-	=		-				-	
	16.36%		8.89%		7.95%		9.22%		8.91%

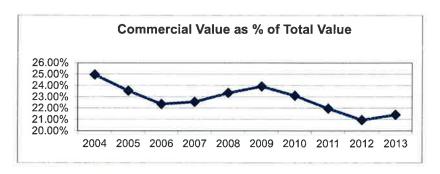
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property by Classification and Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Assessed and Actual Values and Tax Rates											
	X											
						Total	Industrial &	Total	Total			
Fiscal	Residential	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Personal	Commercial	Personal Property	Direct	Town			
Year	Value	Tax Rate	Value	Value	Property	Value	Tax Rate	Rate	Value			
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	\$1,770,531,398 \$1,942,148,370 \$2,065,086,899 \$2,167,785,491 \$2,217,491,600 \$2,153,499,200	\$11.32 \$11.18 \$11.47 \$11.29 \$11.38 \$12.43	\$321,376,702 \$328,604,530 \$335,913,501 \$354,199,909 \$395,663,665 \$384,622,657	\$202,126,900 \$207,834,400 \$194,761,600 \$211,299,100 \$220,907,300 \$220,050,600	\$65,833,400 \$61,502,700 \$64,409,670 \$65,929,100 \$59,236,100 \$72,515,300	\$589,337,002 \$597,941,630 \$595,084,771 \$631,428,109 \$675,807,065 \$677,188,557	\$26.38 \$25.42 \$25.59 \$25.27 \$25.80 \$28.45	\$15.08 \$14.53 \$14.63 \$14.44 \$14.75 \$16.26	\$2,359,868,400 \$2,540,090,000 \$2,660,171,670 \$2,799,213,600 \$2,893,298,665 \$2,830,687,757			
2010	\$2,115,408,335	\$13.08	\$271,250,635	\$293,984,600	\$70,454,100	\$635,689,335	\$29.51	\$16.88	\$2,751,097,670			
2011 2012 2013	\$2,144,152,098 \$2,177,957,703 \$2,178,098,386	\$14.33 \$15.21 \$15.37	\$245,573,546 \$238,704,348 \$241,737,565	\$267,001,600 \$254,422,200 \$265,814,100	\$91,248,060 \$84,509,094 \$86,205,320	\$603,823,206 \$577,635,642 \$593,756,985	\$31.76 \$33.21 \$33.80	\$18.16 \$18.98 \$19.32	\$2,747,975,304 \$2,755,593,345 \$2,771,855,371			







Source: Assessor's Department, Town of Bedford All property in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

Note: Chapter 59, Section 21C of the Massachusetts General Laws, known as "Proposition 2 1/2", imposes 2 separate limits on the annual tax levy of the Town. The primary limitation is that the tax levy cannot exceed 2 1/2 percent of the full and fair cash value. The secondary limitation is that the tax levy cannot exceed the maximum levy limit for the preceding fiscal year as determined by the State Commissioner of Revenue by more than 2 1/2 percent, subject to an exception for property added to the tax rolls and for certain substantial valuation increases other than as part of a general revaluation. The secondary limit may be exceeded in any year by a majority vote of the voters, however it cannot exceed the primary limitation.

Principal Taxpayers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

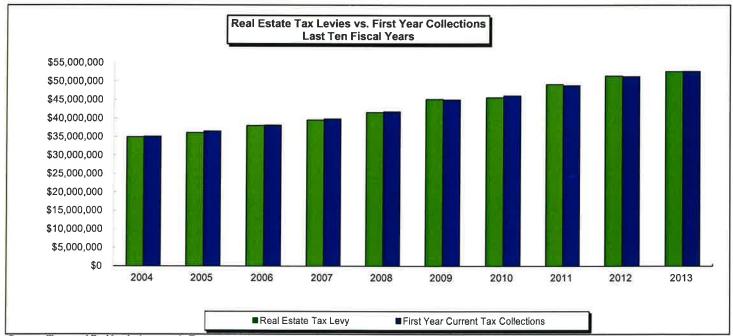
			2013	Percentage of Total Taxable	<u>-</u>	2004	Percentage of Total Taxable
Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Value	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Value
DIV Bedford, LLC	Research and Development	\$ 31,901,900	1	1.15%		2	5
RAR 2 Crosby Corp Center QRS Inc	Offices	25,912,100	2	0.93%			*
Cole of Bedford, MA LLC	Offices	24,779,800	3	0.89%	9	1	8
Criterion Bedford Apartments	Apartments	24,204,900	4	0.87%			*
LC Property, LLC	Research and Development	23,883,800	5	0.86%	3	ž	<u>.</u>
MSCP Crosby, LLC	Research and Development	22,210,800	6	0.80%		(*)	*
Heritage Middlesex Turnpike, LLC	Apartments	21,035,200	7	0,76%	17	023	<u>.</u>
Carlton-Williard Homes, Inc.	Assisted Living/Senior Housing	20,478,200	8	0.74%	52	1941	×
Great Road Shopping Center	Shopping Center	20,009,200	9	0.72%		1)55	5
Millipore Filler Corporation	Research and Development	19,577,500	10	0.71%	24,216,000	7	1.77%
BP-Crosby Corp Center LLC	Offices	16	90	988	31,762,300	1	2.29%
OP-Crosby Corporate Center LLC	Research and Development		8 8	282	29,477,300	2	2.12%
Callahan, W.M. J. Jr. Trust	Research and Development	10	s ==	580	29,241,700	3	2.10%
Bedford Business Park LTD.	Research and Development	38	· .	(*)	27,371,500	4	1.97%
echnoford LLC	Offices	ļ.s		20	26,625,300	5	1.92%
lone QRS 15-12 Inc.	Offices	9-	9	927	24,312,200	6	1.75%
edford Woods	Offices	302		14	23,854,000	8	1.72%
Middlesex Technology Center	Offices	*		:*	19,840,400	9	1.43%
G/ND Bedford, LLC	Research and Development			S.	16,751,200	10	1.21%
	Totals	233,993,400	9	8.44%	253,451,900		18.28%

Source: Town of Bedford, Assessor's Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal/Levy Year	Total Tax Levy	Less Abatements & Exemptions	Net Tax Levy	Net as % Total	Collected in First Period (\$)	Collected in First Period (%)	Collections in Subsequent Periods	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Net Tax Levy
*		1			(+)	101104 (70)	2 0110 40		
2004	\$35,567,244	\$635,561	\$34,931,683	98.21%	\$35,062,337	100.37%	\$173,940	\$35,236,277	100.87%
2005	\$36,896,158	\$796,670	\$36,099,488	97.84%	\$36,462,845	101.01%	\$179,200	\$36,642,045	101.50%
2006	\$38,980,320	\$990,148	\$37,990,172	97.46%	\$38,068,727	100.21%	\$457,526	\$38,526,253	101.41%
2007	\$40,415,312	\$921,765	\$39,493,547	97.72%	\$39,809,438	100.80%	\$118,029	\$39,927,467	101.10%
2008	\$42,650,057	\$1,062,647	\$41,587,410	97.51%	\$41,751,700	100.40%	\$0	\$41,751,700	100.40%
2009	\$46,018,854	\$900,351	\$45,118,503	98.04%	\$44,980,645	99.69%	\$152,232	\$45,132,877	100.03%
2010	\$46,476,193	\$868,878	\$45,607,315	98.13%	\$46,074,553	101.02%	\$393,621	\$46,468,174	101.89%
2011	\$49,947,160	\$796,197	\$49,150,963	98.41%	\$48,863,333	99.41%	\$395,020	\$49,258,353	100.22%
2012	\$52,300,913	\$854,610	\$51,446,303	98.37%	\$51,277,364	99.67%	\$399,561	\$51,676,925	100.45%
2013	\$53,537,627	\$899,804	\$52,637,823	98.32%	\$52,669,772	100.06%	\$0	\$52,669,772	100.06%

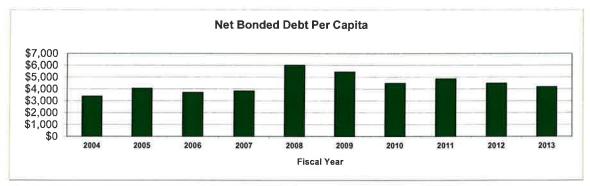


Source: Town of Bedford, Assessor's Department

Ratios of Outstanding Debt and General Bonded Debt

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Governmental A	Activities Debt		
Fiscal Year	U.S. Census Population	Personal Income	Assessed Value	(A) General Obligation Bonds	(A) Long Term Notes	Total Debt	Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Assessed Value
2004	12,519	\$ 531,356,436	\$ 2,359,868,400	\$ 42,571,243	s -	\$ 42,571,243	\$ 3,401	8.01%	1,80%
2005	12,519	541,985,067	2,540,090,000	50,721,492	3.6	50,721,492	4,052	9.36%	2.00%
2006	12,519	490,895,028	2,660,171,670	46,478,873	99	46,478,873	3,713	9.47%	1.75%
2007	13,102	524,027,592	2,799,213,600	50,292,770	8.7.6	50,292,770	3,839	9.60%	1.80%
2008	13,102	513,755,624	2,893,298,665	78,832,612	3.00	78,832,612	6,017	15.34%	2.72%
2009	13,102	513,755,624	2,830,697,757	71,343,040		71,343,040	5,445	13.89%	2.52%
2010	13,320	638,494,200	2,751,097,670	59,036,000	825,184	59,861,184	4,494	9.38%	2.18%
2011	13,320	638,494,200	2,747,975,304	64,125,000	622,530	64,747,530	4,861	10.14%	2.36%
2012	13,320	638,494,200	2,755,593,345	59,457,000	419,876	59,876,876	4,495	9.38%	2.17%
2013	13,320	638,494,200	2,771,855,371	54,620,000	1,280,860	55,900,860	4,197	8.76%	2.02%



Source: Audited Financial Statements, U. S. Census

(A) Long-term Notes are distinguished from General Obligation Bonds starting in fiscal year 2010

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-			Fisca	l Ye	ar	
,		2004	-	2005	_	2006	 2007
Equalized Valuation	\$	2,632,511,200	_\$	2,632,511,200	<u>\$</u>	2,946,953,200	\$ 2,946,953,200
Debt Limit -5% of Equalized Valuation	\$	131,625,560	\$	131,625,560	\$	147,347,660	\$ 147,347,660
Less:							
Outstanding debt applicable to limit	\$	42,571,243	\$	50,721,492	\$	46,478,873	\$ 47,726,680
Authorized and unissued debt	\$	22,516,760	_\$	30,546,311	\$	49,259,752	 32,468,319
Legal debt margin	\$	66,537,557	_\$	50,357,757	\$	51,609,035	\$ 67,152,661
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the limit		49.45%		61.74%		64.97%	54.43%

Source: Audited financial Statements and Town Statement of Indebtedness

Fiscal Year

2008	_	2009	-	2010	_	2011	-	2012	-	2013
\$ 3,141,130,500	\$	3,141,130,500	\$	3,009,721,800	\$	3,009,721,800	\$	2,932,629,700	\$	2,932,629,700
\$ 157,056,525	\$	157,056,525	\$	150,486,090	\$	150,486,090	\$	146,631,485	\$	146,631,485
\$ 43,728,950	\$	39,712,240	\$	42,910,245	\$	59,310,452	\$	55,955,659	\$	50,887,886
\$ 11,210,559		46,822,586	\$	18,528,059	_\$_	4,992,067	\$	2,512,000	_\$_	4,324,690
\$ 102,117,016	\$	70,521,699	<u>\$</u>	89,047,786	<u>\$</u>	86,183,571	\$	88,163,826		91,418,909
34.98%		55.10%		40.83%		42.73%		39.87%		37.65%

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population Estimates	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2004	12,519	\$ 531,356,436	\$ 42,444	41.0	2,330	3.00%
2005	12,519	\$ 541,985,067	\$ 43,293	41.0	2,261	3.30%
2006	12,519	\$ 490,895,028	\$ 39,212	41.0	2,271	4.30%
2007	13,102	\$ 524,027,592	\$ 39,996	41.0	2,280	3.70%
2008	13,102	\$ 513,755,624	\$ 39,212	42.1	2,342	3.80%
2009	13,102	\$ 513,755,624	\$ 39,212	42.1	2,383	6.30%
2010	13,320	\$ 638,494,200	\$ 47,935	42.1	2,436	6.50%
2011	13,320	\$ 638,494,200	\$ 47,935	42.1	2,400	6.10%
2012	13,320	\$ 638,494,200	\$ 47,935	45.1	2,424	5.70%
2013	13,320	\$ 638,494,200	\$ 47,935	45.1	2,487	5.70%

Source:

U. S. Census, Division of Local Services

Median age is based on most recent census data

Principal Employers (excluding Town)

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2013			2004			
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Employment		
Hanscom Field (USAF)	Research and Development	5,500	1	45%	5,500	1	35%		
MITRE Corporation	Engineering/Architecture/Surveying	1,829	2	15%	1,829	3	12%		
Veterans Medical Center	Federal Government Hospital	950	3	8%	950	4	6%		
Middlesex Community Center	Community College	927	4	8%	927	5	6%		
Progress Software	Computer Software Development	600	5	5%	700	6	4%		
ACME Packet	Session Border Control	600	6	5%	; -	•	·*		
iRobot	High-Tech Manufacturing	500	7	4%	· ·	ē	*		
RSA Security	Data Security	500	8	4%	500	7	3%		
Hologic	Manufacture of Medical Devices	400	9	3%	400	9	3%		
GSI	Fluid Purification and Analysis	400	10	3%	nie:	9	3		
Millipore	Fluid Purification and Analysis		¥	*	465	8	3%		
Hanscom (MITRE/Lincoln Lab)	Research and Development		*		3,992	2	26%		
Carlton Willard	Nursing Home; Assisted Living	(#S	*	-	325	10	2%		

Source: Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training

Full-time Equivalent Town Employees by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	A ADERT A PRIA										
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Function											
General government	94	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	114	114	
Public Safety	66	66	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	
Education	305	305	305	305	305	304	304	305	305	305	
Water	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Sewer	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Public works	32	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	
Human services	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	
Culture and recreation	32	30	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	
Total	554	570	580	580	580	579	579	580	581	581	

Source: Town personnel records

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					11000					
Function/Program	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Government										
Population	12,997	12,987	12,519	13,102	13,102	13,102	13.765	13,986	14,045	14,020
Registered Voters, Annual Town Election	8,504	8,656	8,678	8,725	9,028	9,435	9,428	9,408	9,900	9,844
Town Clerk	,	ŕ	ŕ	•	-,	-,	-,	-,	150	,
Births (1)	111	121	202	96	135	130	52	114	112	124
Marriages (1)	60	61	60	73	49	61	98	54	55	52
Deaths (1)		239	93	188	188	232	192	217	250	260
Police										
Accidents covered by an officer	594	612	477	477	416	454	361	410	356	440
Citations issued	1,863	2,073	2,200	2,200	1,915	2,072	1.882	2,681	2,878	2,619
Arrests	144	114	144	144	122	122	80	30	99	101
Larcenies	132	134	159	159	1 7 5	141	120	132	139	144
Total fines from violations	32,598	53,668	95,925	95,925	161,310	162,885	122,955	126,619	124,012	127,652
Fire										
Rescue assist	891	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,125	1,157	1,164	1,230	1,410	1,364
False alarm	319	308	284	331	374	338	338	371	377	352
Public assist	181	188	210	242	188	298	439	670	788	733
Emergency responses/Ambulance	887	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,125	1,154	1,251	1,230	1,410	1,364
Rescue and Emergency medical service	n/a	1,161	1,182	1,182	1,125	1,157	1,251	1,230	1,410	1,364
Education										
Public school enrollment	2,470	2,260	2,271	2,280	2,334	2,419	2,436	2,400	2,424	2,487
Public Works										
Cemetery										
Interments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	59	67	52	44	71	57
Water										
Service connections	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,979	5,007	5,009	5,052	5,116	4,297
Sewer										
Service connections	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,887	3,897	3,899	3,915	3,952	3,974
Human Services										
Board of Health										
Inspections	354	263	247	315	367	340	331	275	280	337
Council on Aging										
Contacts by phone made to elderly	10,000	9,600	9,284	9,284	8,805	9,559	9,688	8,994	9,465	9,490
Rides provided to med. appoints	400	519	608	608	432	456	360	259	265	446
Libaries										
Volumes in collection	105,383	109,154	112,868	112,868	112,433	114,841	119,287	117,356	115,196	114,843
Circulation	292,370	288,829	284,622	284,622	301,708	328,281	336,717	337,539	367,656	365,930

Source: Various Town Departments n/a - no information available

⁽¹⁾ Information is presented on a calendar year basis

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Government										
Number of Buildings	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Police										
Number of Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Number of Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Vehicles	. 6	6	6	6	9	9	9	10	10	10
Education										
Number of elementary schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of middle schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of high schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Water mains (miles)	80	80	80	80	80	84	84	84	84	84
Fire hydrants	800	800	800	800	810	811	811	811	810	810
Sanitary sewers (miles)	85	85	85	85	87	86	86	86	86	86
Number of wells	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of water storage tanks	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Human Services										
Senior Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation										
Park and playground (acreage)	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Various Town Departments